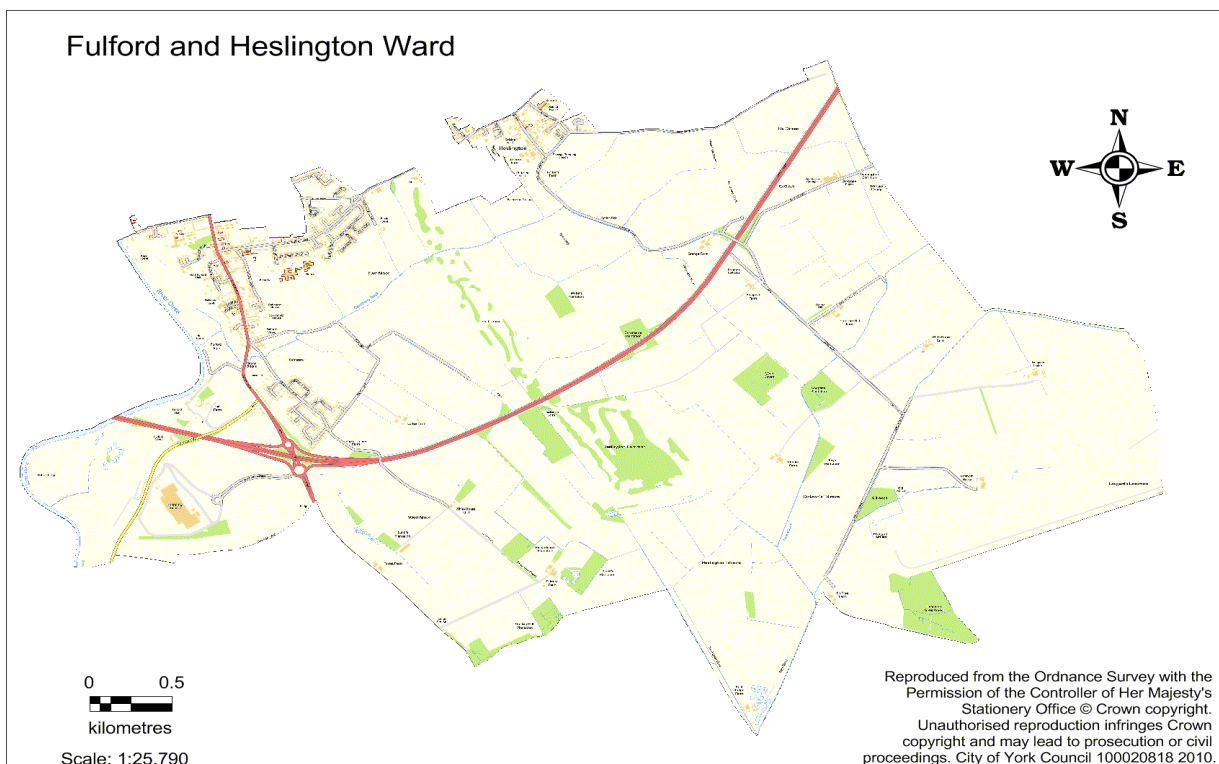


## York Summary

- York has 209,893 residents with 5.7% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 83.9% are in good health, with 15.3% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £691.90 was the Average Net Weekly Household Income in 2017/18 (£637.58 in 2015/16).
- 66% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 18% are private renters and 14% are social tenants. There are 7,540 Council Houses in York.
- 73.5% of residents have a Level 1 - 4 qualification, of which 62.9% are, at least, qualified to Level 2, but 18.0% have no qualifications at all.
- 10.0% of children are in child poverty (7.7% of children live in a household where a parent or guardian claims an out-of-work benefit) and there are 8.9% of households in fuel poverty.
- 1.3% of the working population (aged 16-64) claim out of work benefits (either Job Seekers Allowance or Universal Credit)

### Fulford and Heslington Ward



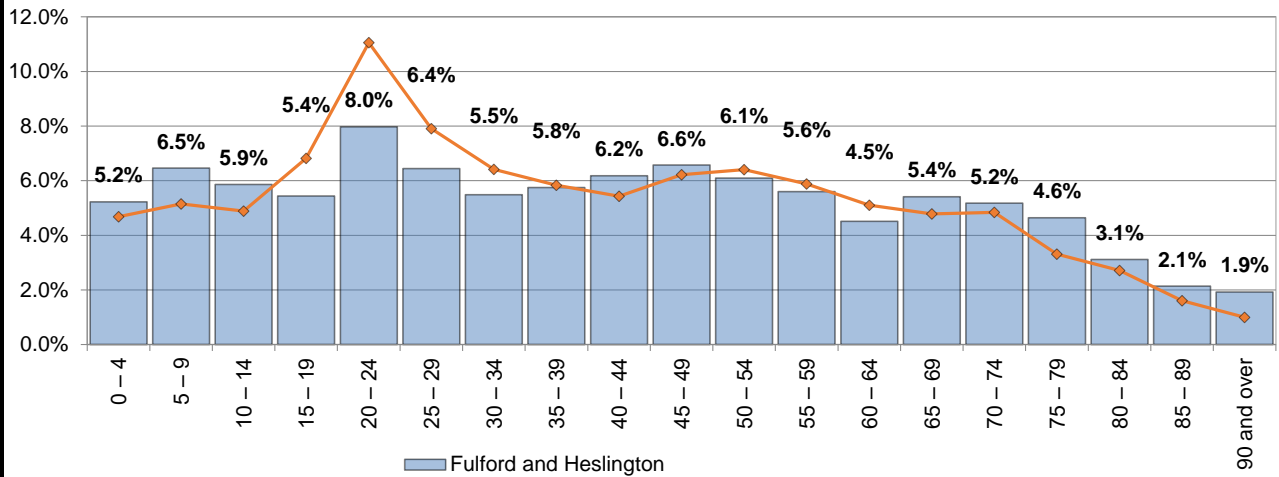
## Ward Summary

- Fulford and Heslington has 3,789 residents with 13.2% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 84.7% are in good health, with 15.1% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £798.08 was the Average Net Weekly Household Income in 2017/18 (£688.94 in 2015/16).
- 65% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 22% are private renters and 10% are social tenants. There are no Council Houses in this ward.
- 78.2% of residents have a Level 1 - 4 qualification, of which 70.3% are, at least, qualified to Level 2, but 13.4% have no qualifications at all.
- 4.6% of children are in child poverty (1.9% of children live in a household where a parent or guardian claims an out-of-work benefit) and there are 9.8% of households in fuel poverty.
- 1.2% of the working population (aged 16-64) claim out of work benefits (either Job Seekers Allowance or Universal Credit)

Ward performance by key areas								
This is an "at a glance" summary of performance within the ward - more detail is provided later in the profile.								
Fulford and Heslington Ward		Best Ward in York	Worst Ward in York	York Ward Average	Performance (latest data)			
					Good	Area of concern	In Top 5 Wards	In Bottom 5 Wards
Economy					Above or below the average ± 10% <span>Pages 8 - 9</span>			
Universal Credit (out of work) claimants	1.17%	0.24%	2.70%	1.25%				
Residents who agree the council and its partners are helping to create jobs in the city	44.44%	72.73%	21.43%	39.50%	●			
Residents who agree their skills and qualifications are suited to jobs available in York	83.33%	83.33%	36.36%	52.40%	●		●	
Business Startups:								
Number (YTD)	26.0	130.0	13.0	46.8		◆		◆
per 10,000 working age population (YTD)	116.3	140.9	22.4	77.8	●		●	
Poverty					Page 10			
Fuel poverty (households)	9.81%	6.00%	15.57%	8.71%		◆		
Child poverty	4.60%	1.90%	20.20%	8.78%	●			
Health and Wellbeing					Pages 12 - 15			
Reception year obesity	6.70%	5.00%	14.50%	8.54%	●		●	
Year 6 obesity	9.30%	8.00%	22.40%	15.21%	●		●	
Male life expectancy	80.7	86.6	76.5	80.5				
Female life expectancy	84.9	88.5	80.6	83.7			●	
Emergency hospital admissions for children (per 1,000 population)	144.3	138.9	209.6	174.8	●		●	
% with limiting long term illness or disability	16.70%	10.20%	21.10%	15.50%				
% of obese adults	14.60%	14.60%	28.70%	22.68%	●		●	
Elective hospital admissions	76.0	76.0	116.5	99.8	●		●	
Emergency hospital admissions	80.6	80.6	127.3	99.2	●		●	
Emergency hospital admissions for injuries resulting from a fall (over 65)	37.5	15.5	37.9	25.8		◆		◆
Adult Social Care					Pages 16 - 17			
Social Isolation	1.9	1.3	2.6	2.0				
Homecare hours (weekly average)	13.3	6.0	13.3	9.5		◆		◆
Homecare clients (per 1,000 population)	2.9	1.5	11.0	4.8	●		●	
Clients getting paid packages of care that are not residential/nursing care	16.0	180.0	12.0	71.1				
New customers requesting Adult Social Care support	22.0	95.0	10.0	42.1				
People supported to live independently through social services:	23.0	178.0	17.0	73.0				
packages of care								
intervention	20.0	105.0	9.0	44.0				
Key: ● Good performance ◆ Area of concern								

This is an "at a glance" summary of performance within the ward - more detail is provided later in the profile.								
Ward		Best Ward in York	Worst Ward in York	York Ward Average	Performance (latest data)			
					Good	Area of concern	In Top 5 Wards	In Bottom 5 Wards
Public Realm <span>Page 18 - 19</span>								
Crime (per 1,000 population)	15.0	3.6	47.0	13.1		◆		◆
ASB (per 1,000 population)	3.8	1.9	21.8	6.0	●			
Residents who think that hate crime is not a problem in their local area	100.00%	100.00%	60.00%	78.47%	●		●	
Residents who agree that York is a safe city to live in, relatively free from crime and violence	66.67%	100.00%	54.55%	79.19%		◆		◆
Street cleaning - Number of issues reported - Litter	6.0	N/A	N/A	10.4				
Street cleaning - Number of issues reported - Faeces	1.0	N/A	N/A	8.0				
% of road area that is Free From Defects (Grade 1)	44.46%	44.46%	11.66%	24.62%	●			
% of road area that is Structurally Impaired (Grade 5)	2.59%	2.59%	10.21%	7.37%	●			
Schools and Educational Attainment <span>Page 20</span>								
Primary school pupils claiming Free School Meals	4.29%	N/A	N/A	9.72%				
Secondary school pupils claiming Free School Meals	3.30%	N/A	N/A	8.58%				
Key Stage 2 Attainment	69.57%	89.29%	50.68%	69.13%				
Key Stage 4 Attainment	63.89%	100.00%	59.68%	75.83%		◆		◆
Travel time (in minutes) by public transport / walking to nearest... <span>Page 21</span>								
GP	18.1	8.2	29.1	17.6				
Hospital	40.1	12.9	58.9	34.8		◆		
Primary school	11.5	6.3	13.0	9.1		◆		◆
Secondary school	15.1	9.1	33.4	18.8	●		●	
Broadband coverage and speeds <span>Page 22</span>								
Average download speed (Mb/s)	42.1	76.8	32.1	54.6		◆		◆
Superfast availability	93.85%	100.00%	79.36%	94.34%				
Resident Engagement <span>Pages 22 - 23</span>								
Residents satisfied with their local area as a place to live	88.89%	100.00%	60.00%	84.95%				
Residents who agree that they belong to their local area	66.67%	95.83%	63.64%	78.36%		◆		◆
Residents agree their local area is a good place for children and young people to grow up	75.00%	100.00%	46.67%	76.98%				
Residents who agree that they can influence decisions in their local area	33.33%	50.00%	6.67%	28.21%	●			
Key: ● Good performance ◆ Area of concern								
Further information about the ward is available at: <a href="#">Fulford and Heslington Ward</a>								

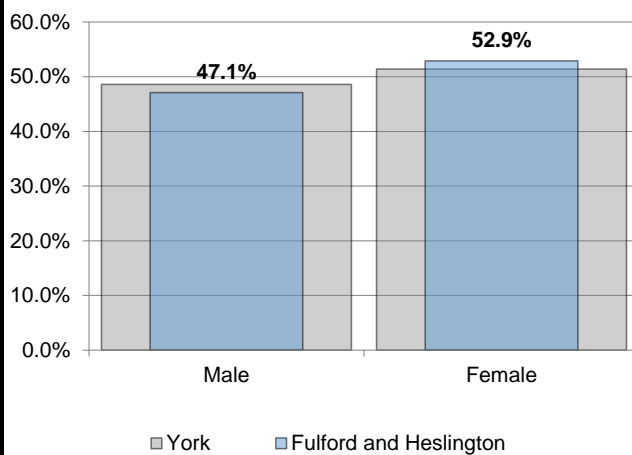
## Population by Age



Source: ONS - 2018 Ward population estimates

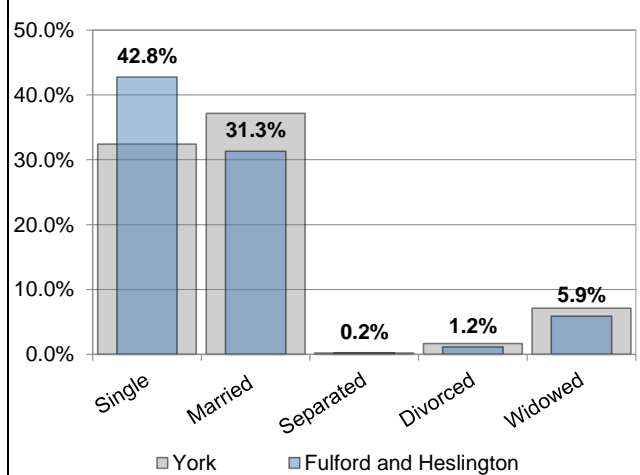
## Census 2011 Update

### Gender



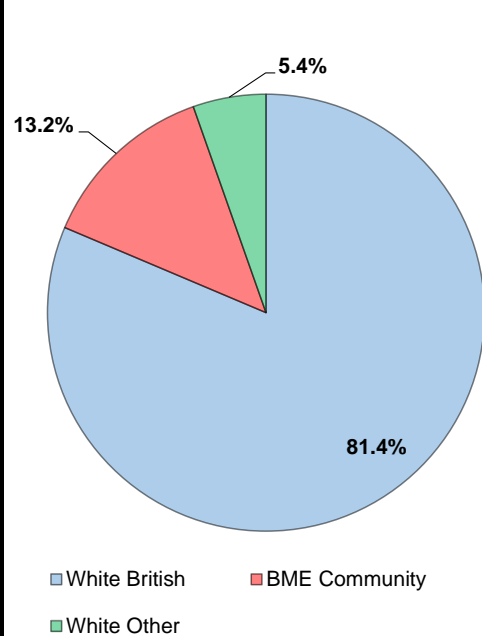
Source: Census 2011

### Marital Status

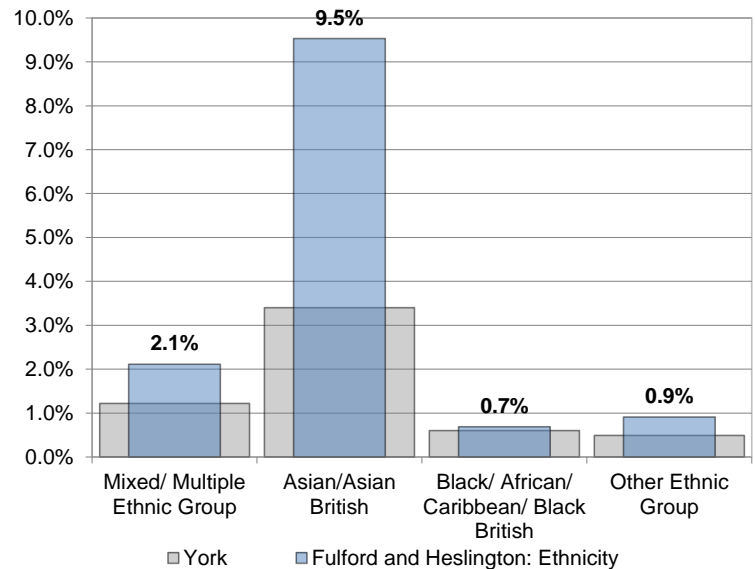


Source: Census 2011

## Ethnicity



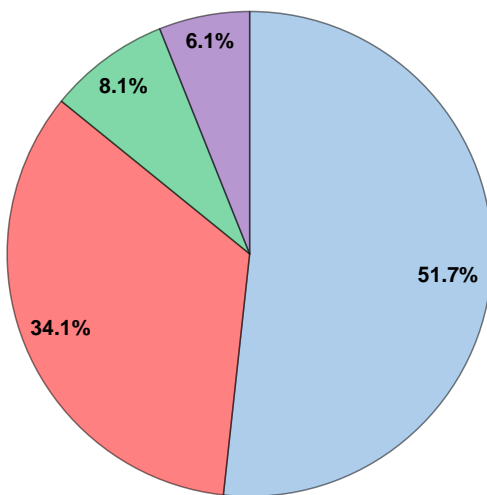
### BME Community (does not include White British or White Other)



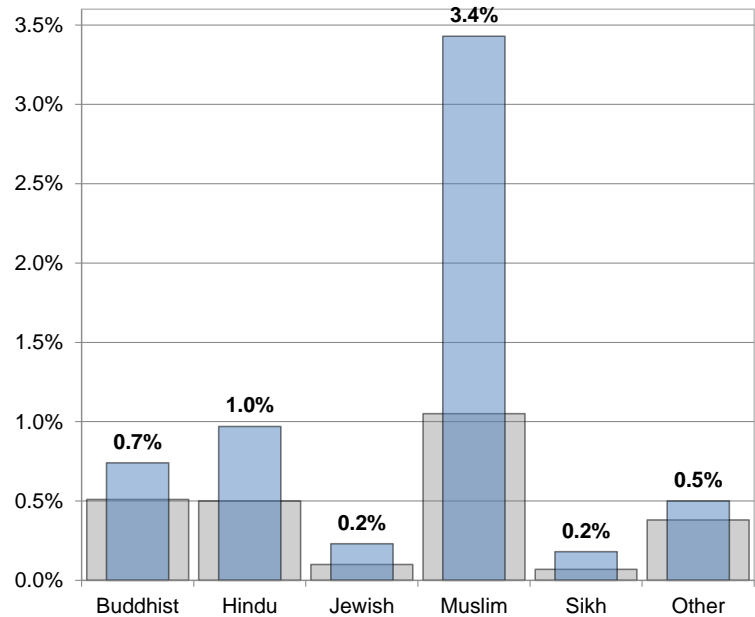
Source: Census 2011

## Religion

### Other Religions



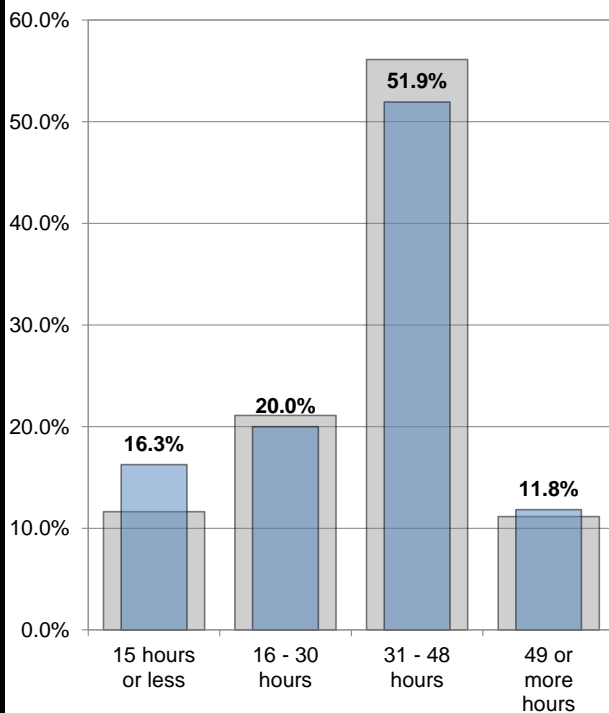
■ Christian  
■ None  
■ Not stated  
■ Other Religions



■ York  
■ Fulford and Heslington

Source: Census 2011

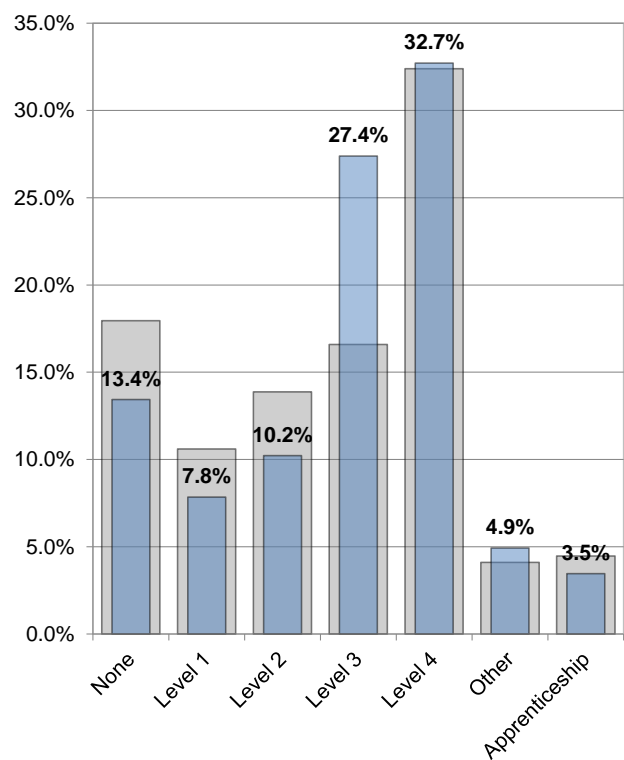
### Hours Worked



■ York  
■ Fulford and Heslington

Source: Census 2011

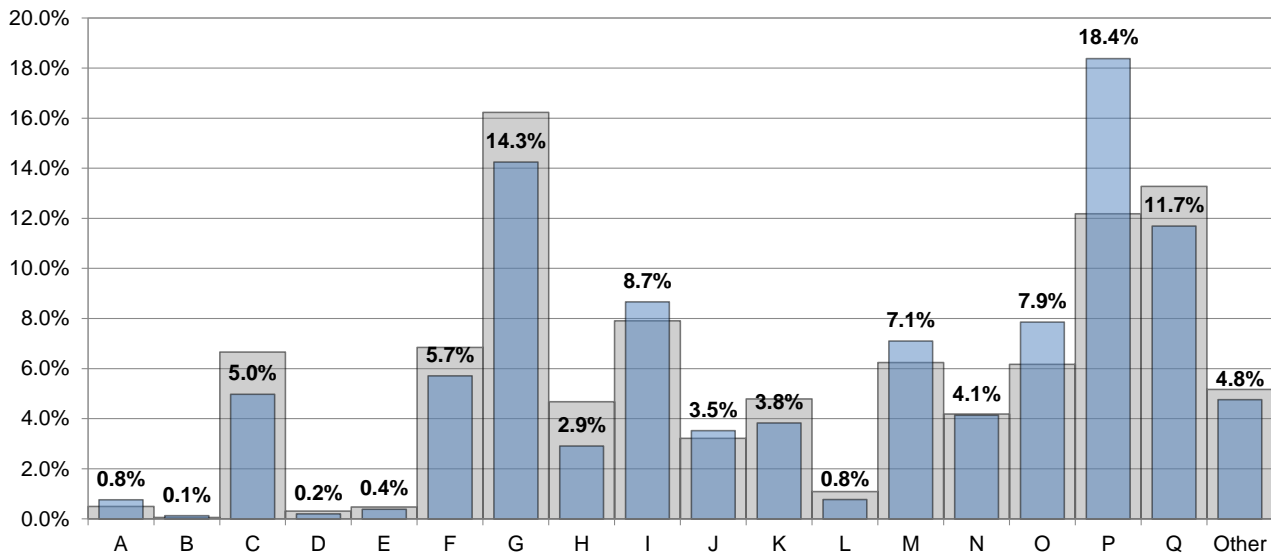
### Qualifications



■ York  
■ Fulford and Heslington

Source: Census 2011

## Industry



A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing, B: Mining and quarrying, C: Manufacturing, D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities, F: Construction

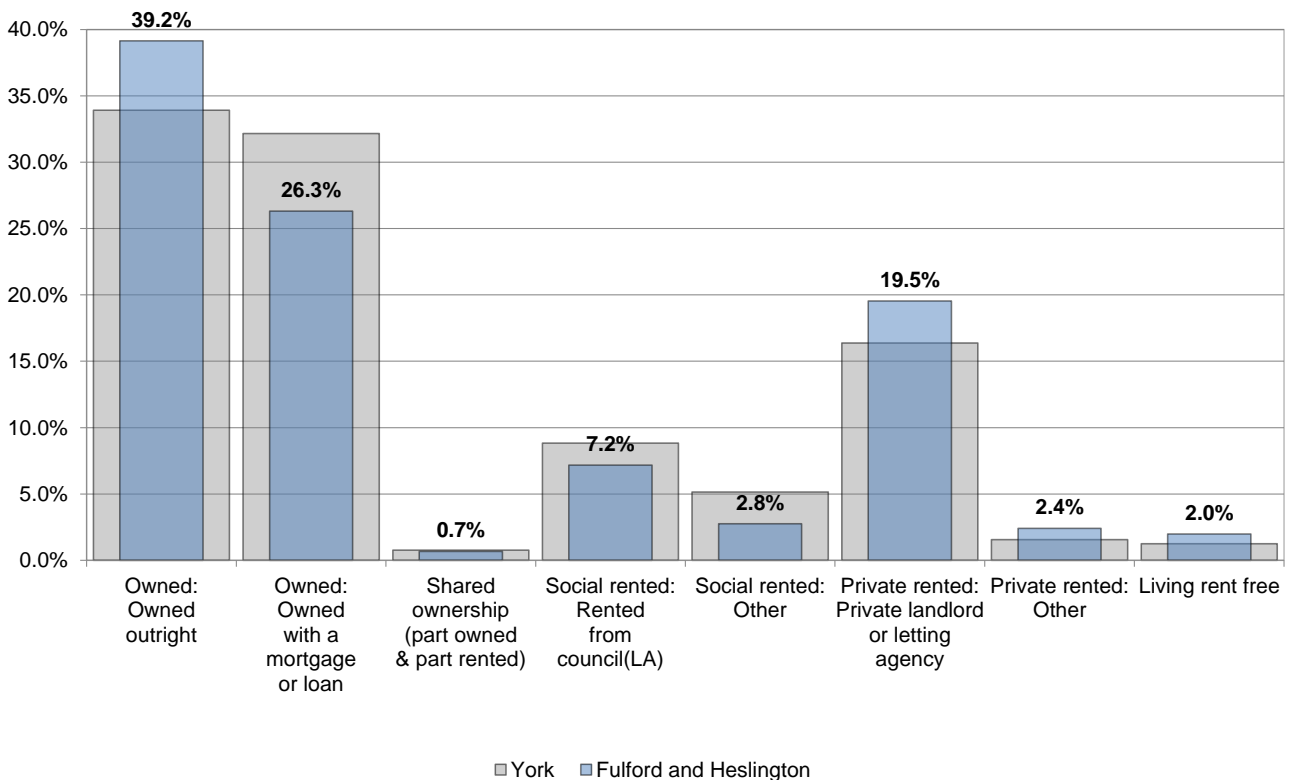
G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles, H: Transport and storage, I: Accommodation and food service activities, J: Information and communication, K: Financial and insurance activities, L: Real estate activities

M: Professional, scientific and technical activities, N: Administrative and support service activities, O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security, P: Education, Q: Human health and social work activities

■ York ■ Fulford and Heslington

Source: Census 2011

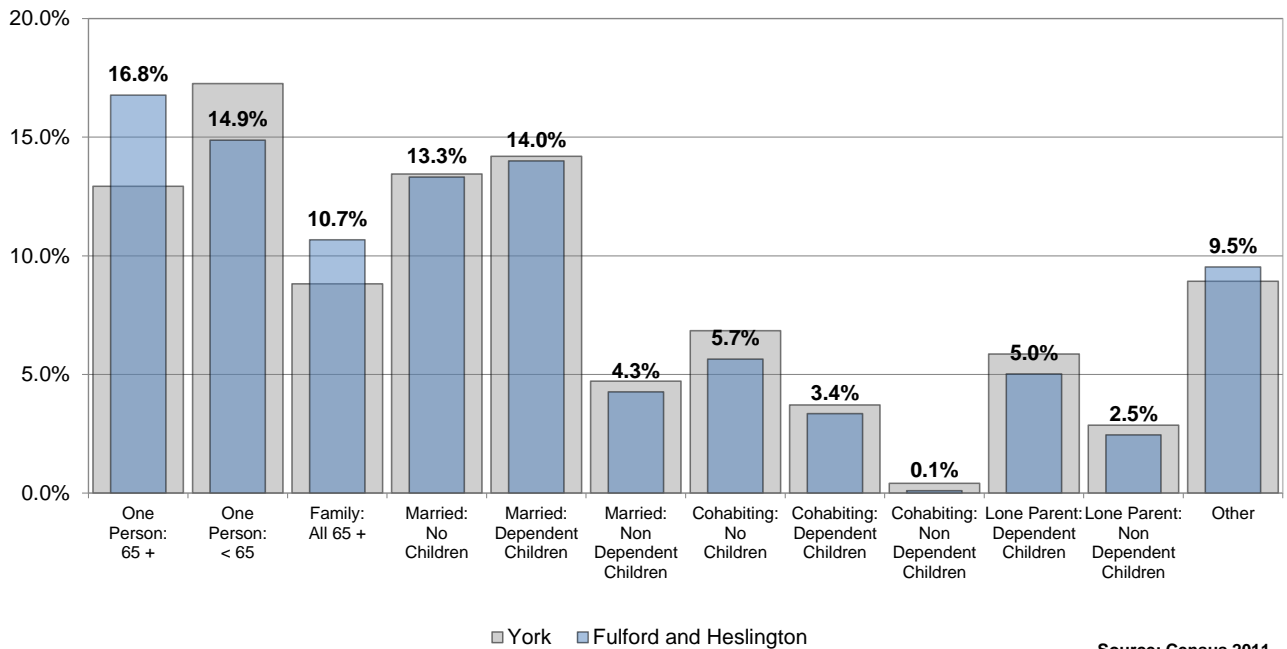
## Tenure



■ York ■ Fulford and Heslington

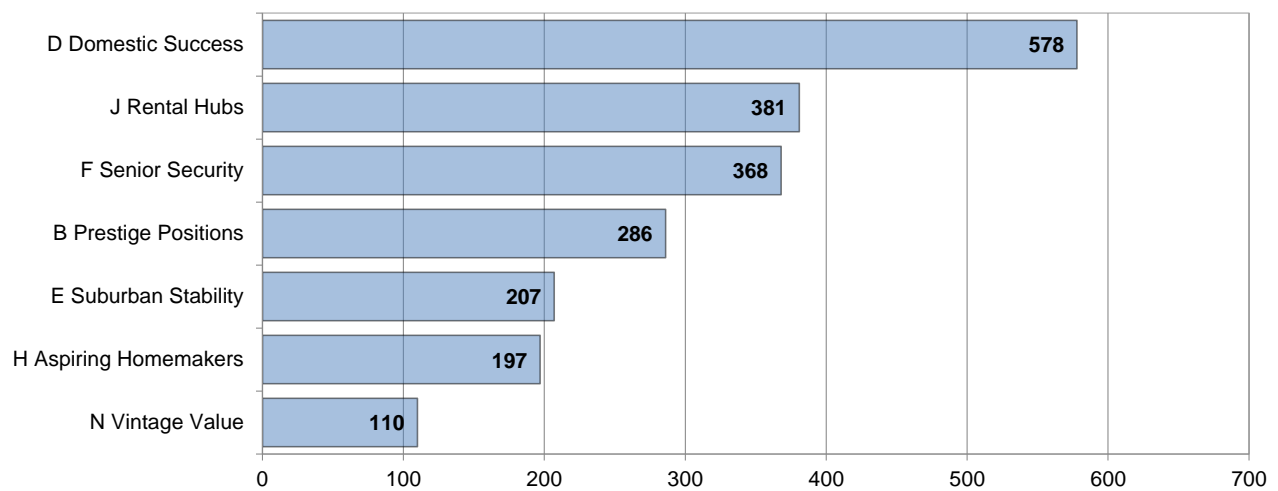
Source: Census 2011

## Household Composition

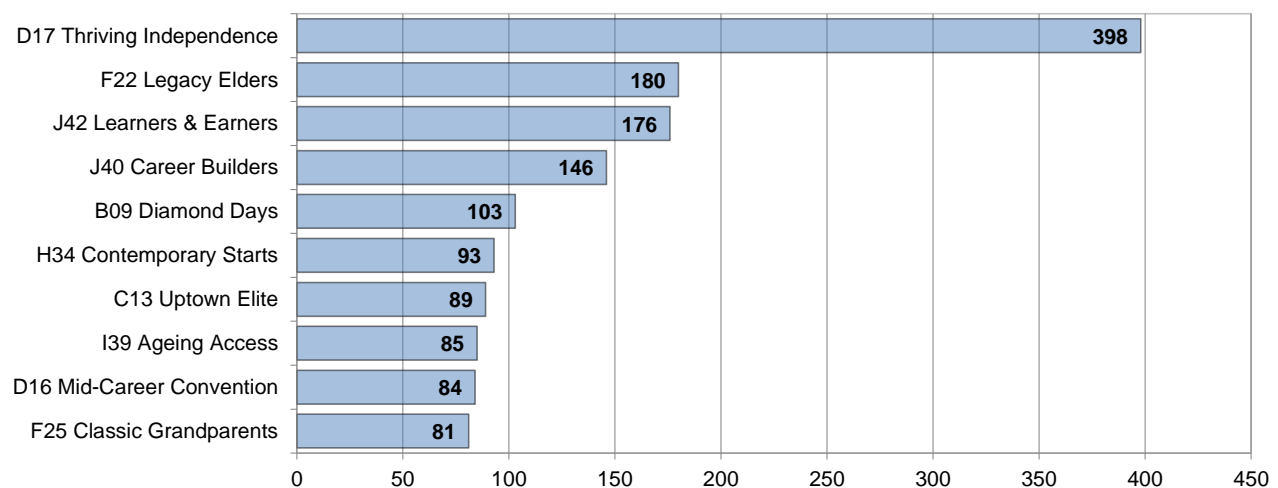


## Household Types

### Experian Groups (2019)

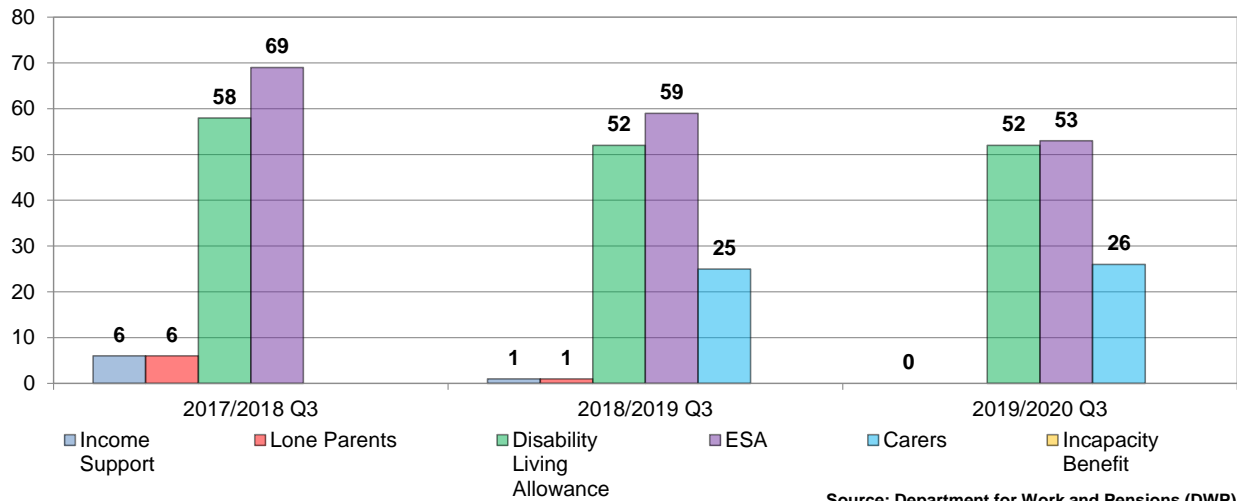


### Experian Types (2019)



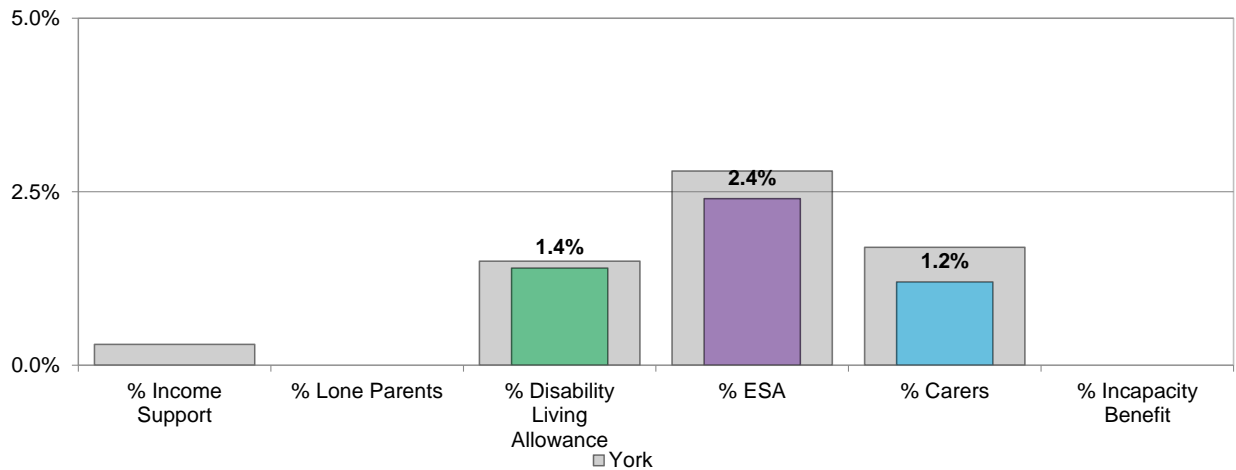
## Economy

### Benefit Claimant Numbers Working age Population (16-64)

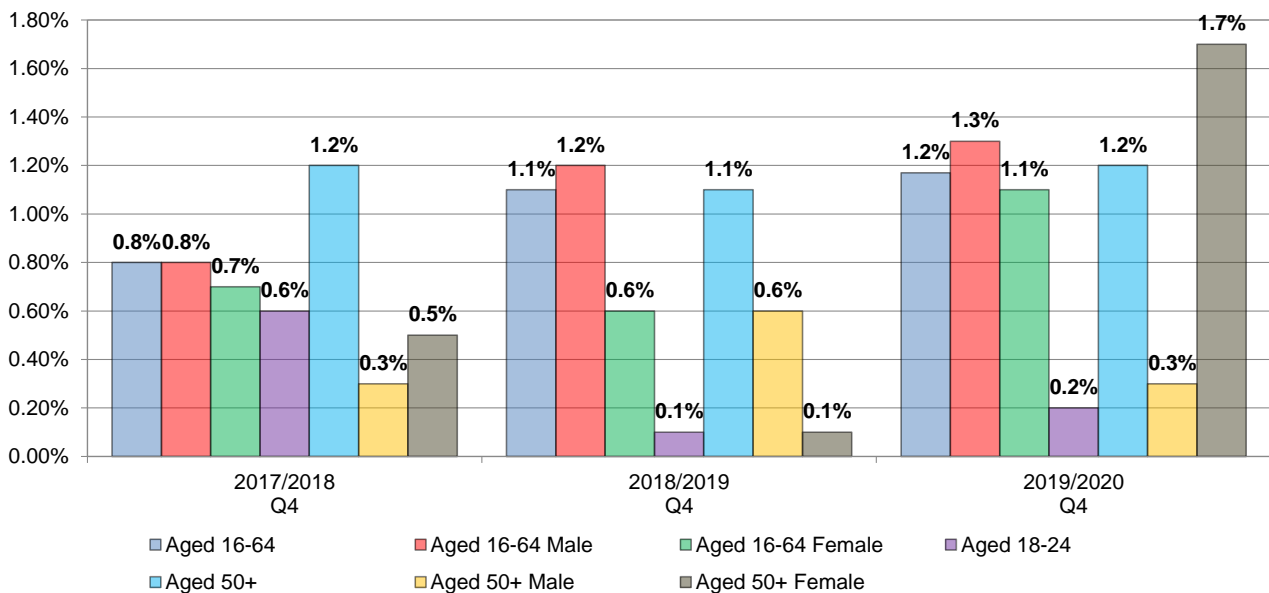


### Benefit Claimant Rate Working age Population (16-64)

Q3 2019/2020



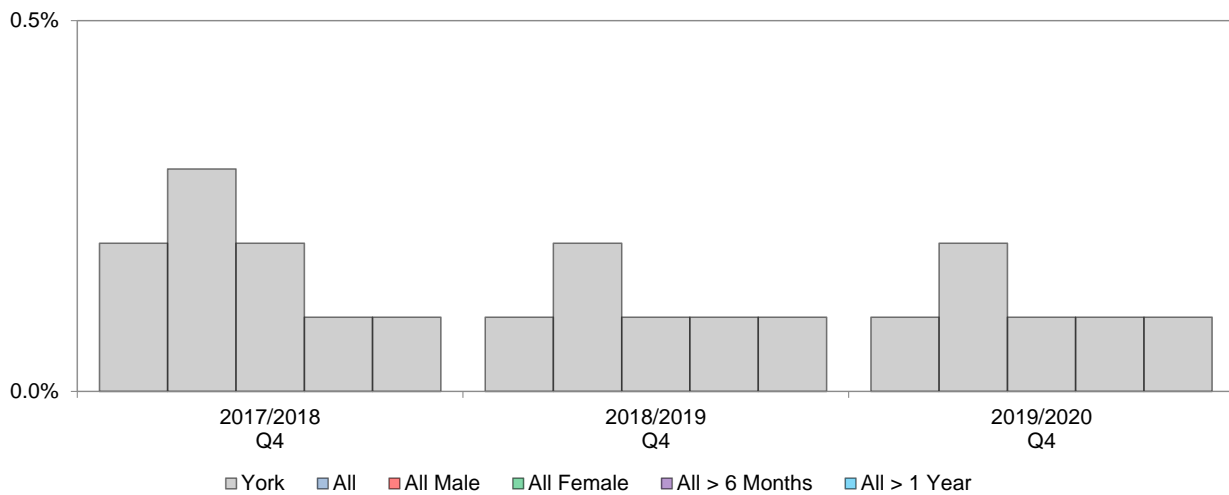
### JSA and Universal Credit (out of work) Claimant Rate





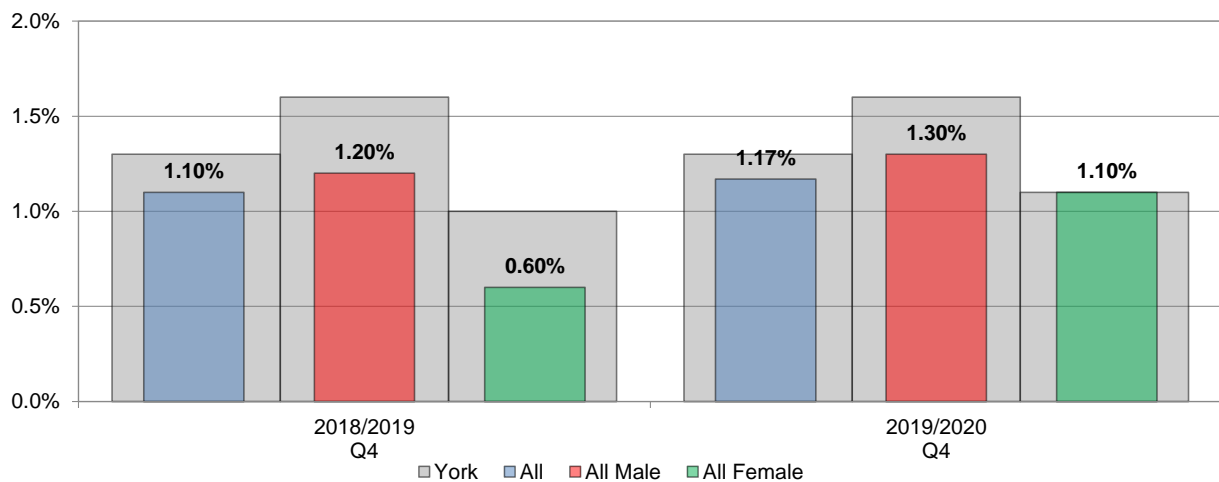
## Economy

**JSA Claimant Rate (Age and Gender)  
Working age Population (16-64)**



Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

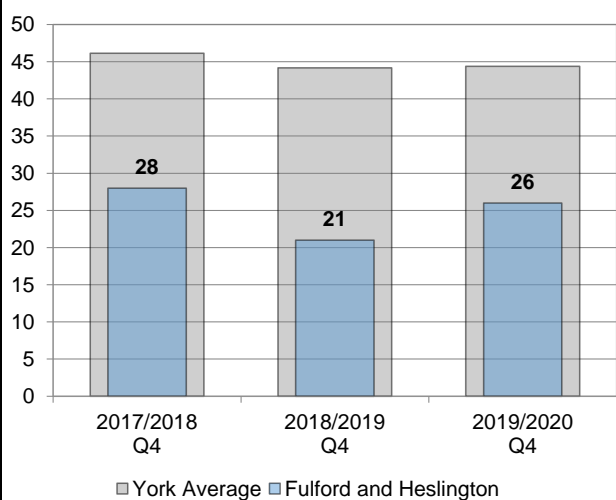
**JSA and Universal Credit (out of work) Claimant Rate  
Working age Population (16-64)**



Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

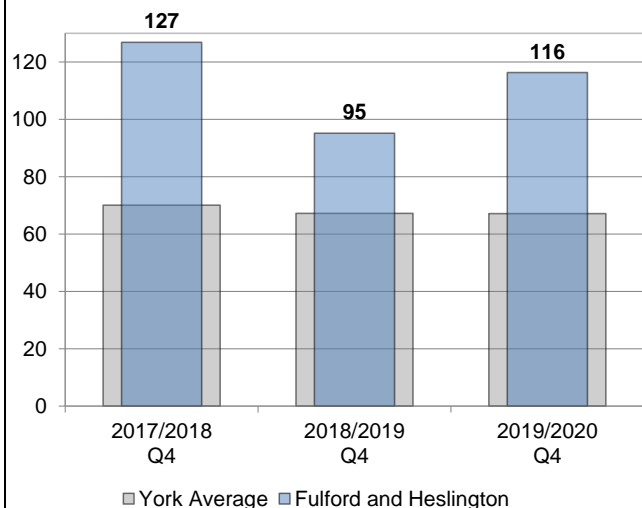
## Business Start Ups

**Numbers (YTD)**



BankSearch Information Consultancy Ltd

**per 10,000 working age population (YTD)**

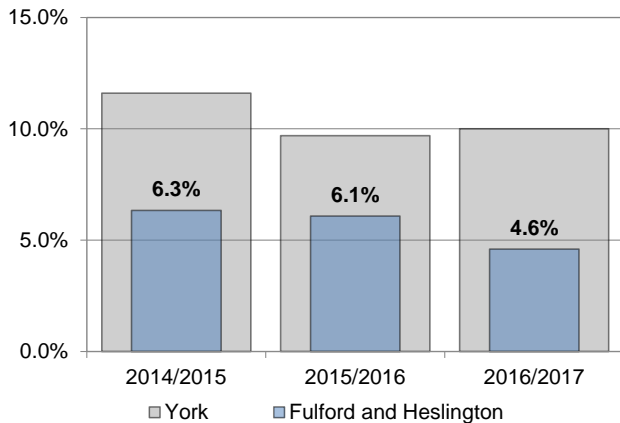


BankSearch Information Consultancy Ltd

## Poverty

### Child Poverty

The proportion of children living in families in receipt of out-of-work (means-tested) benefits or in receipt of tax credits where their reported income is less than 60 per cent of UK median income



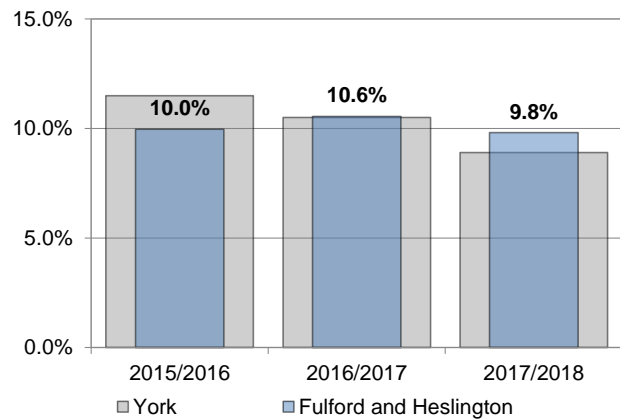
Source: HM Revenue & Customs

### Fuel Poverty

The Low Income High Costs indicator is a twin indicator consisting of:

- the number of households that have both low incomes and high fuel costs; and
- the depth of fuel poverty amongst these fuel poor households.

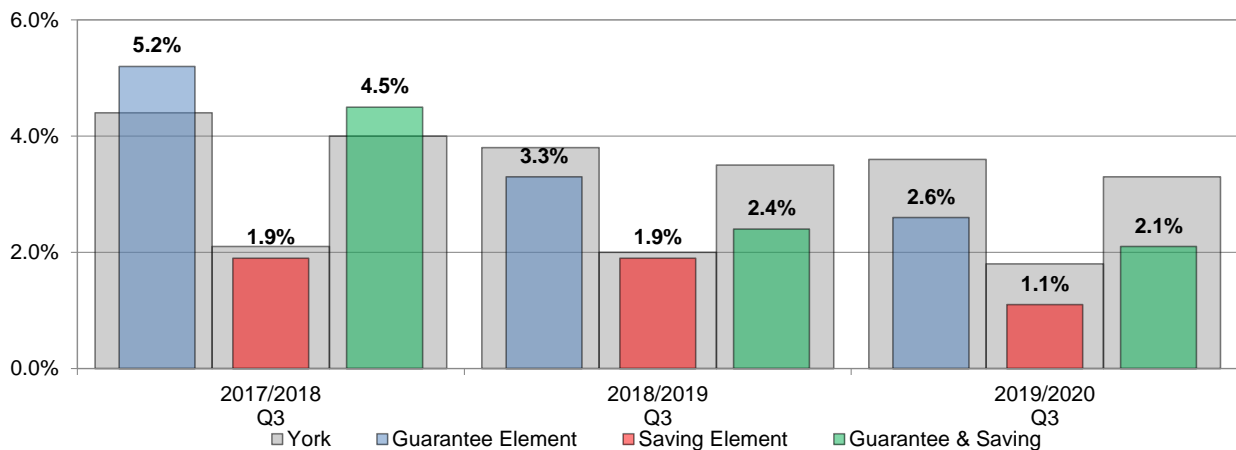
This is measured through a fuel poverty gap which represents the difference between the required fuel costs for each household and the median required fuel costs.



Source: Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy

### Pension Credit

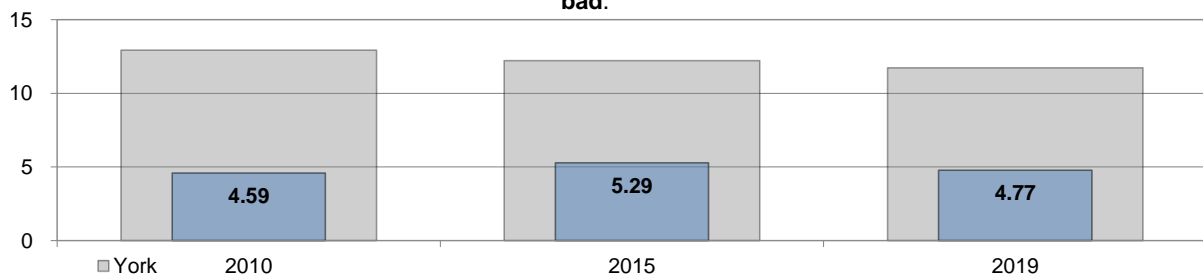
Pension Credit is an income-related benefit made up of 2 parts - Guarantee Credit and Savings Credit.



Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

## Indices of Multiple Deprivation

The IMD measures and rates a number of different domains affecting quality of life including income, employment, education and skills, health and disability, crime, barriers to services and quality of living environments. **A high score is bad.**

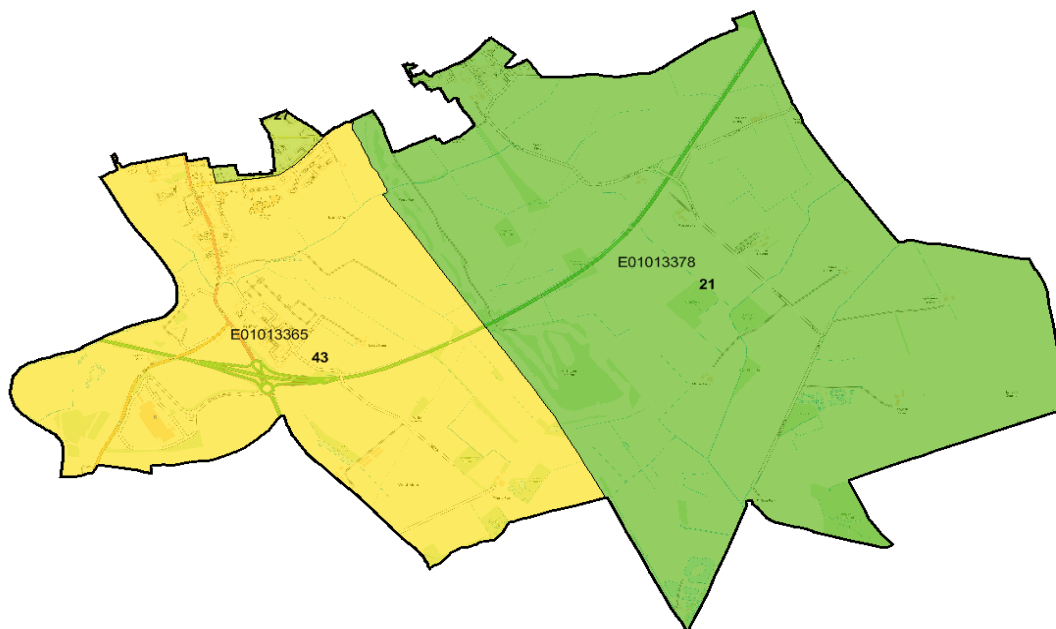


Ward Rank in York (Low is Bad)		
19 out of 21	18 out of 21	19 out of 21

Source: Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)

## Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019

### Fulford and Heslington Ward: breakdown by LSOA



Key to Index of Multiple Deprivation Deciles 2019  
1 is least deprived; 120 is most deprived

- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Decile 10 Most Deprived | Decile 5                |
| Decile 9                | Decile 4                |
| Decile 8                | Decile 3                |
| Decile 7                | Decile 2                |
| Decile 6                | Decile 1 Least Deprived |

0 0.907  
kilometres  
Scale: 1:38,020

Produced by

Business Intelligence Hub

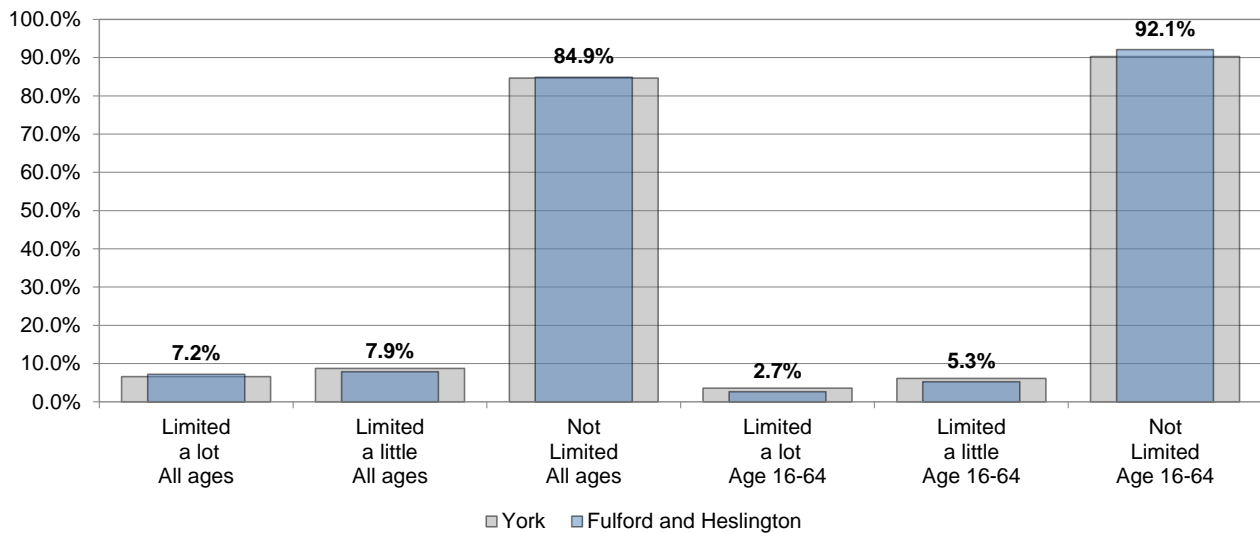
Created

07/10/2019

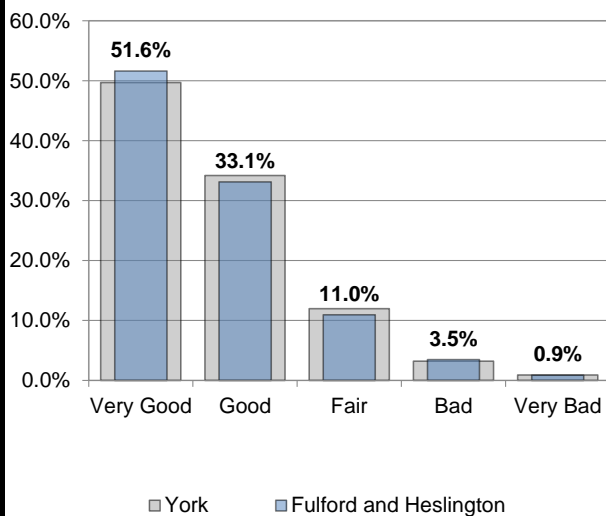
Reproduced from the Ordnance Survey with the  
Permission of the Controller of Her Majesty's  
Stationery Office © Crown copyright.  
Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown  
copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil  
proceedings. City of York Council 100020818 2010.

## Health and Wellbeing

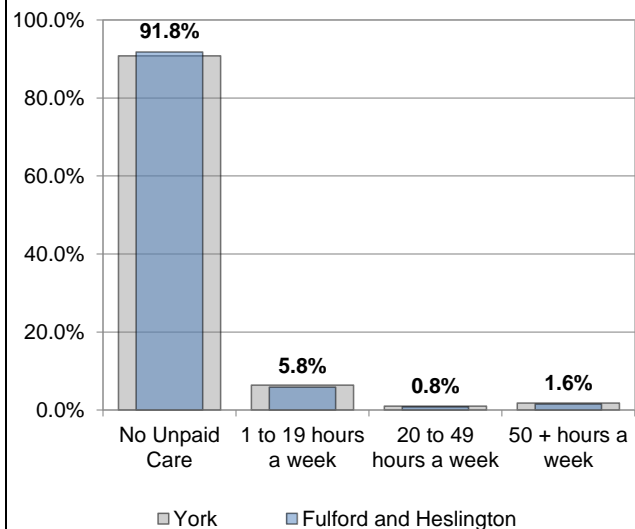
### Day to Day Activities



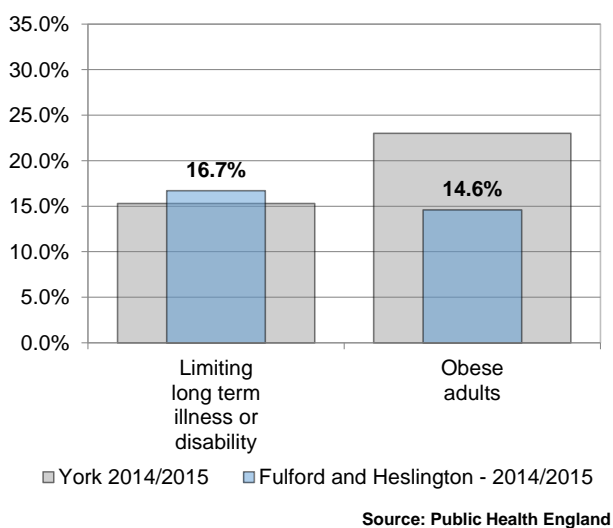
### General Health



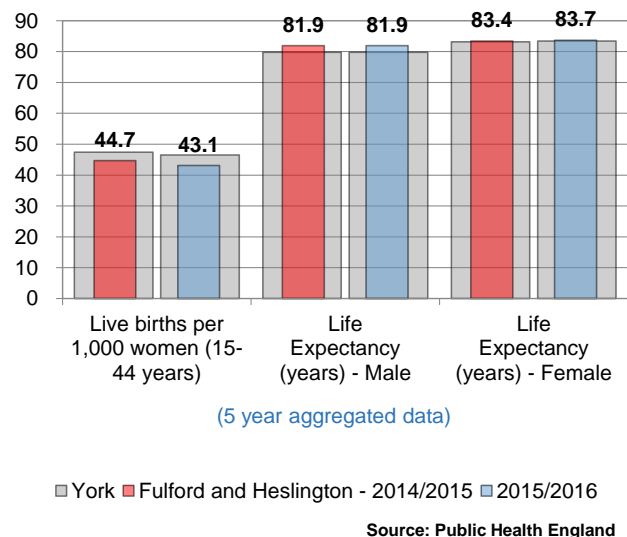
### Provide Unpaid Care



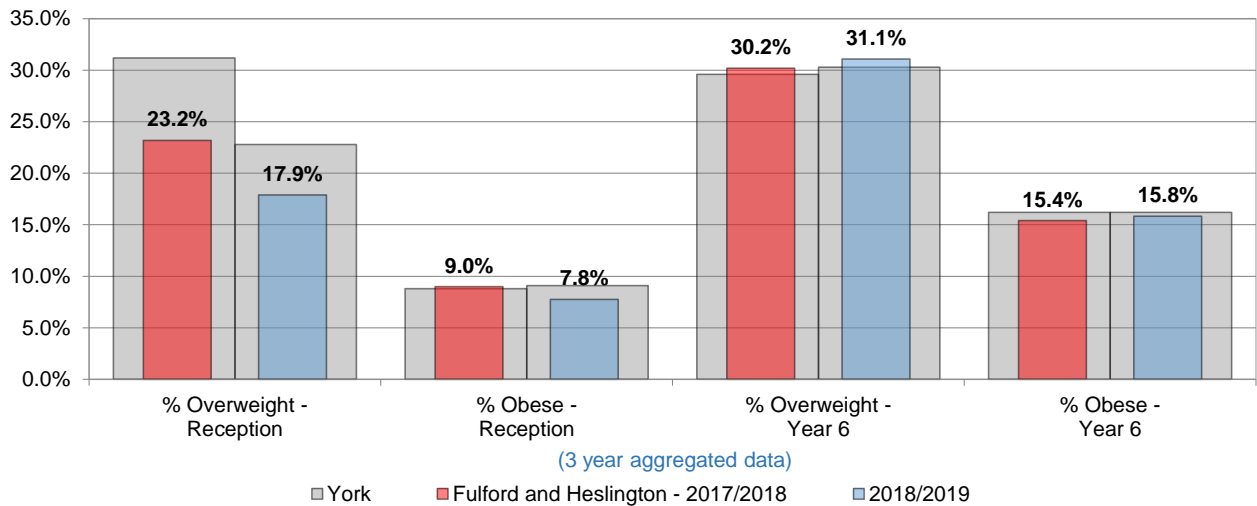
### Adult Health & Lifestyle



### Fertility and Life Expectancy

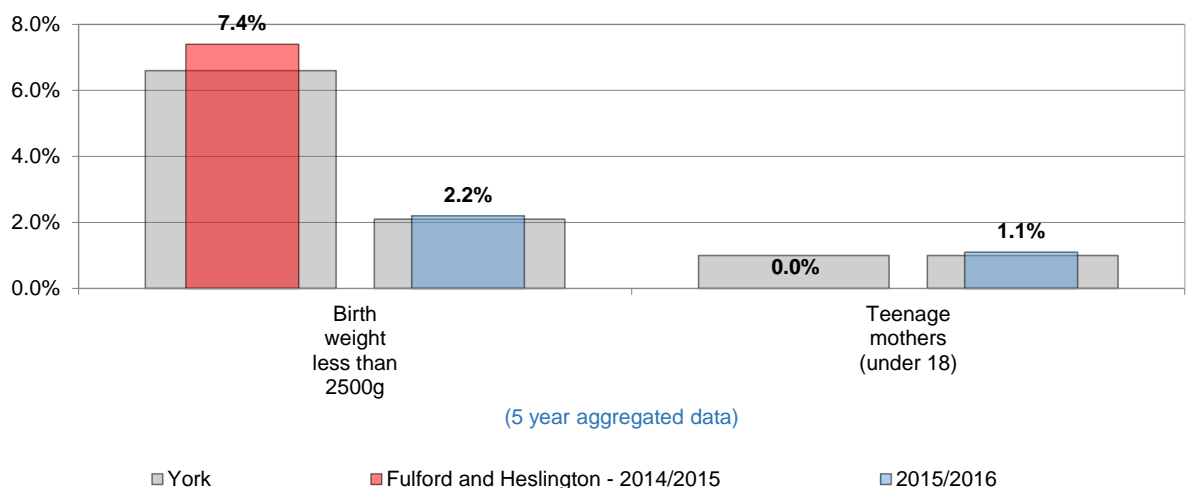


### Childhood weight



Source: Public Health England

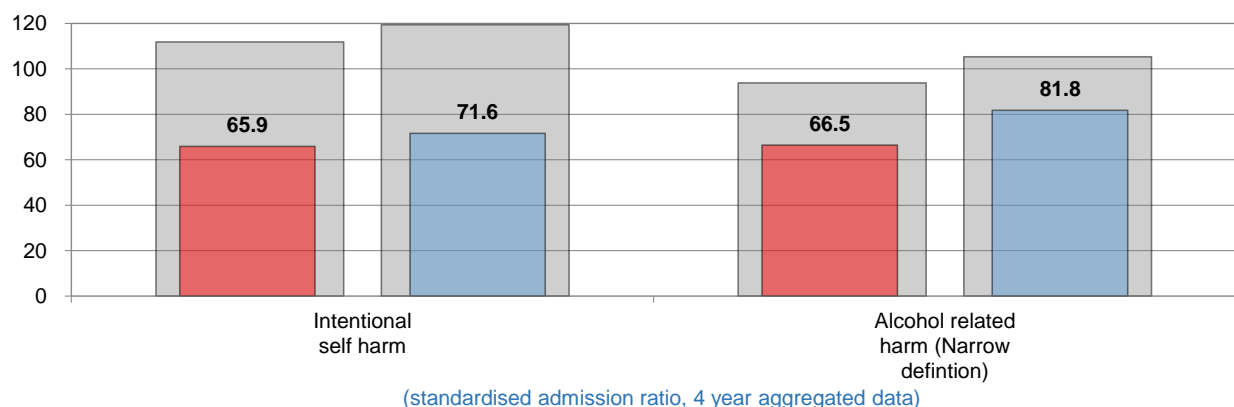
### Births



Source: Public Health England

### Hospital Admissions

#### Hospital Admissions, All ages

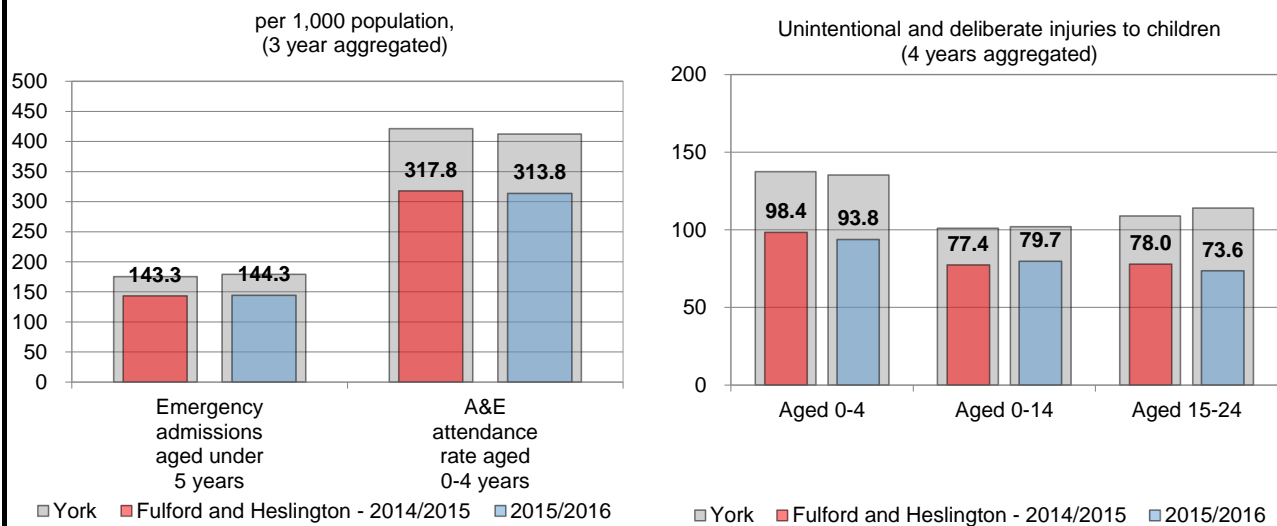


The Standardised Admission Ratio (SAR) is a summary estimate of admission rates relative to the national pattern of admissions and takes into account differences in a population's age, sex and socioeconomic deprivation. The National value is 100.

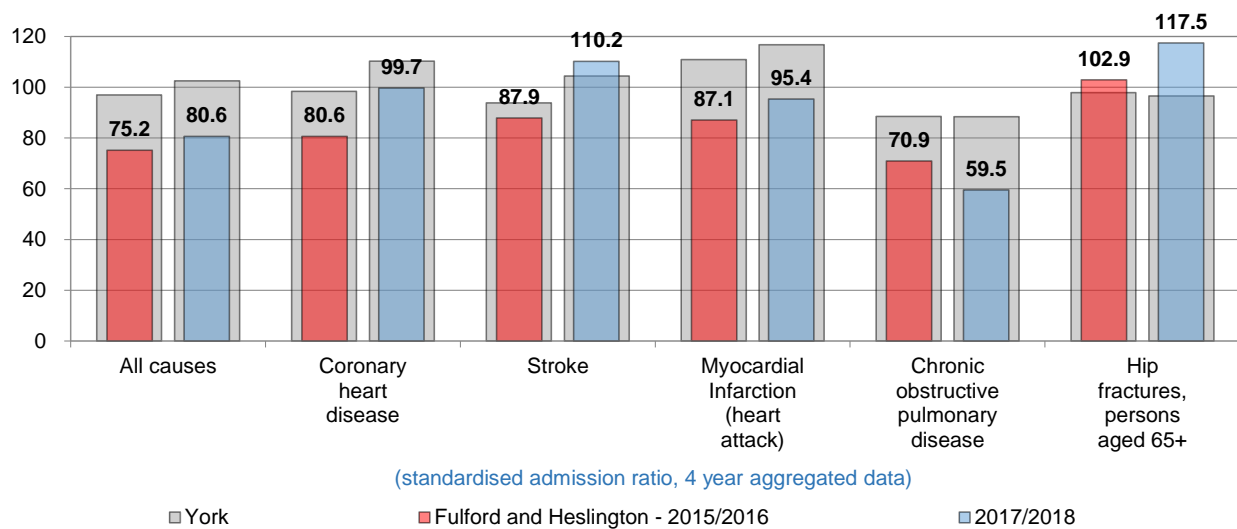
York Fulford and Heslington - 2015/2016 2017/2018

Source: Public Health England

## Hospital Admissions - Children & Young People

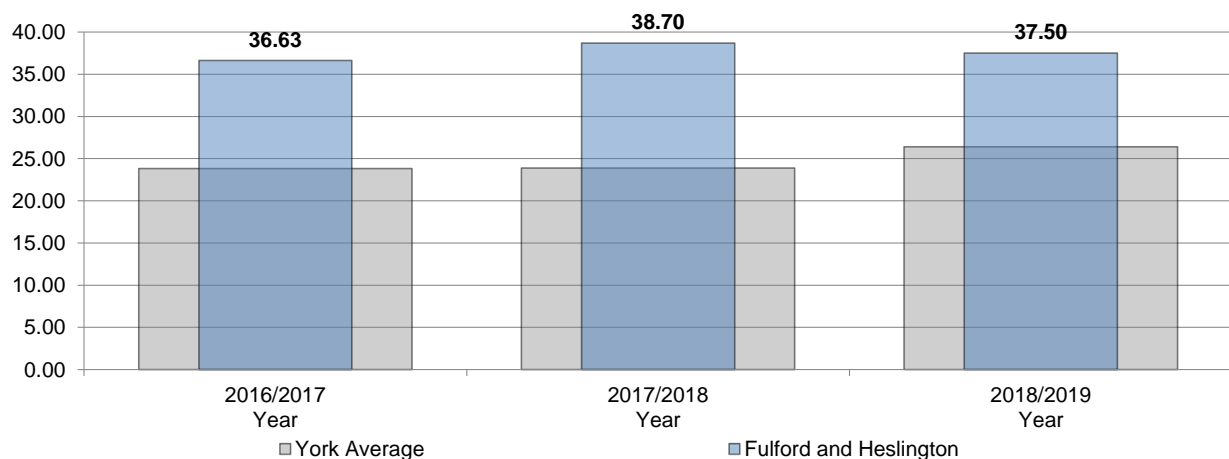


## Emergency hospital admissions



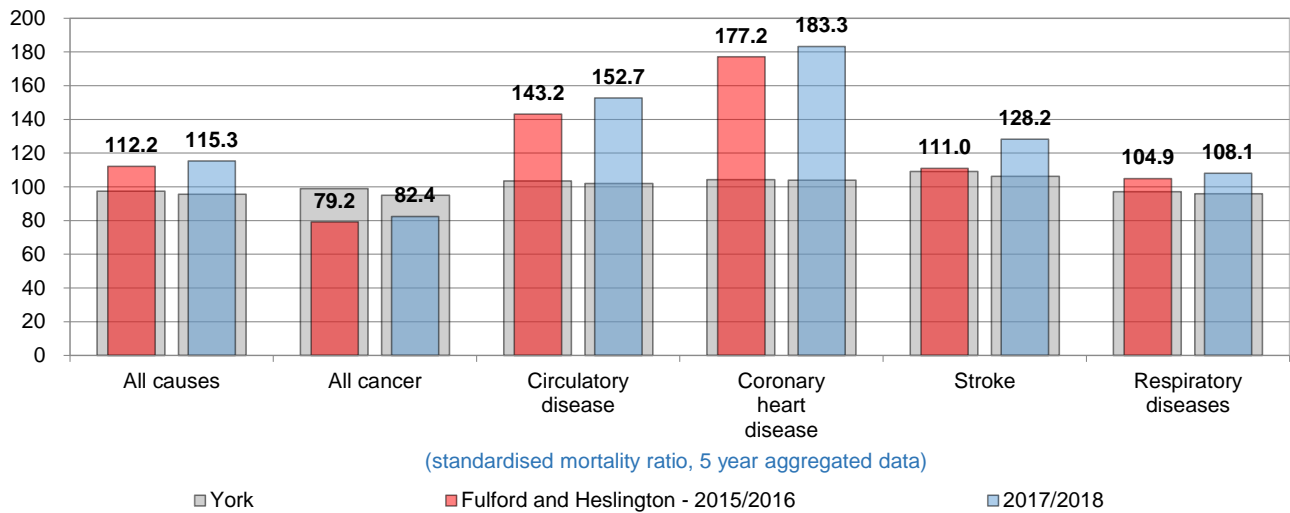
## Emergency hospital admissions for injuries resulting from a fall (over 65), per 1,000 population

**Falls data:** the figures given here are taken from Hospital Episode Statistics data, which takes the number of those aged 65 or over being admitted to hospital on a non-elective basis at least once in each year as a result of a fall and divides it by the number of those of that age group resident in each ward to give a rate per 1,000 population.



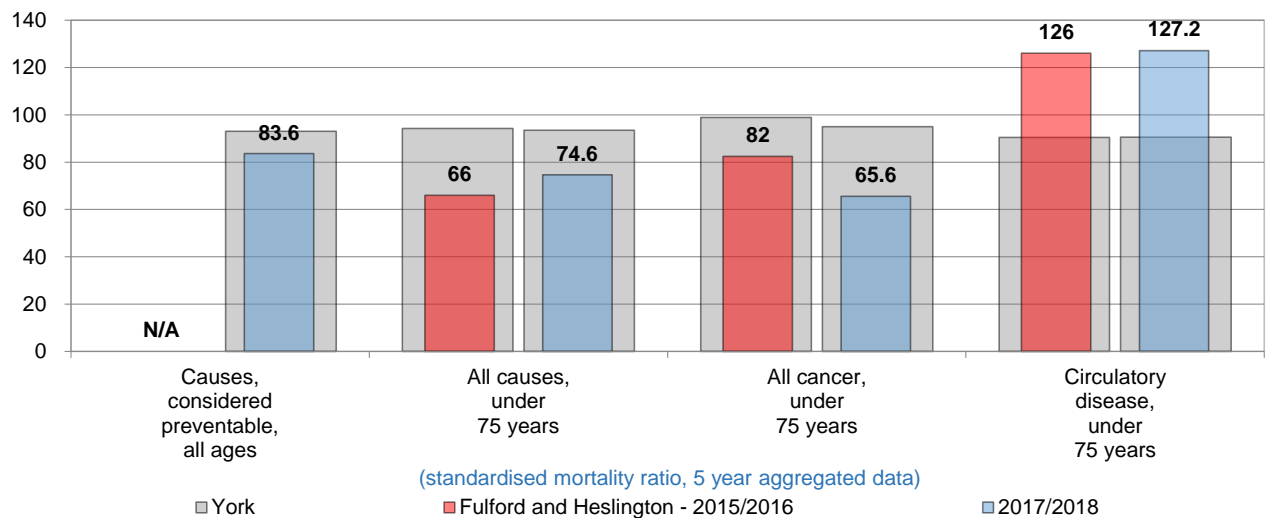
## Mortality

### Mortality, All ages



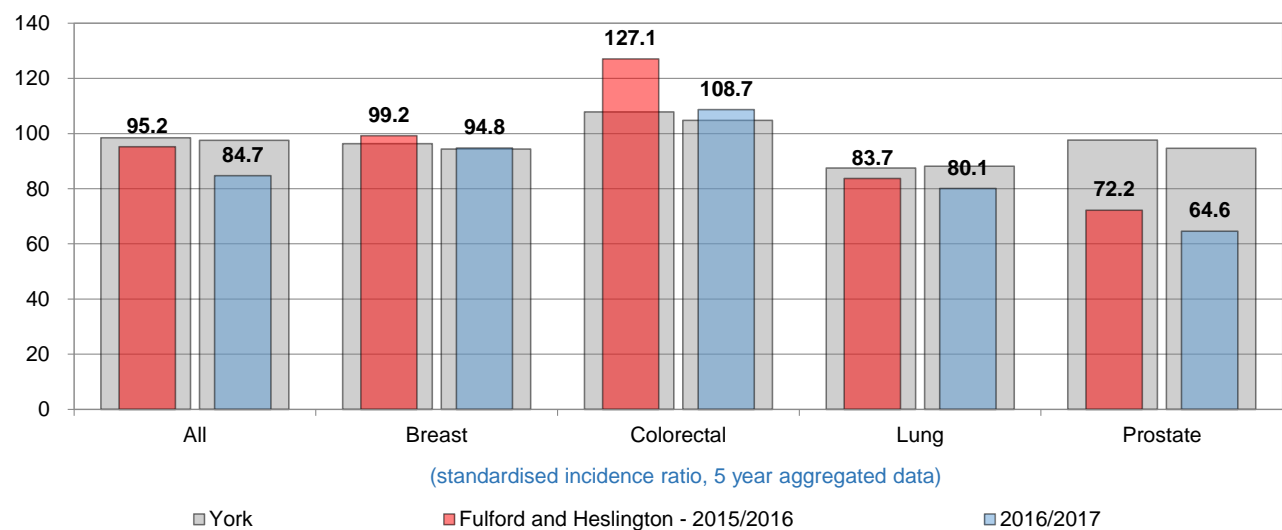
Source: Public Health England

### Premature mortality



Source: Public Health England

### New cases of cancer



Source: Public Health England

## Adult Social Care

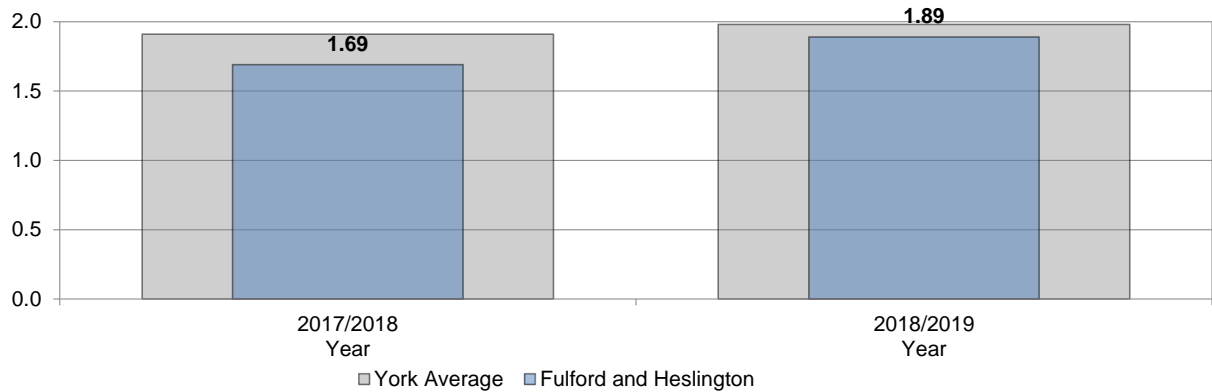
### Social isolation

Social isolation: This is based on respondents to two questions on the Adult Social Care Survey regarding social contact and how time is spent.

A score of 1 indicates that the respondent has plenty of social contact and that they spend their time doing things they enjoy

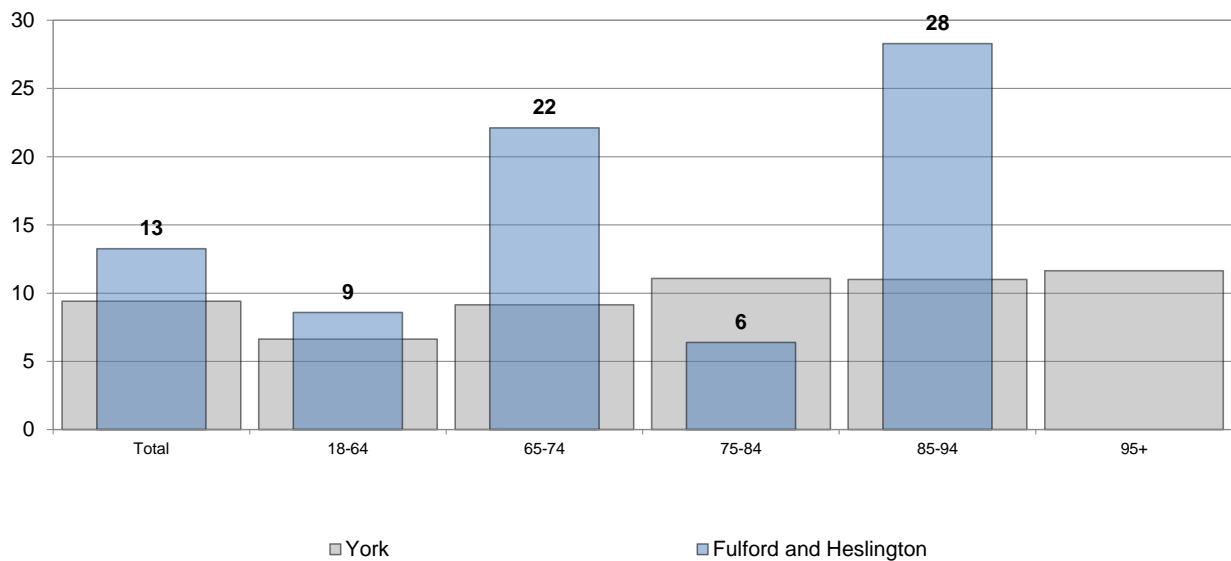
A score of 4 indicates that the respondent feels socially isolated and that they don't feel they do anything of value with their time.

The mean of all respondents' responses to both questions is the score presented here.



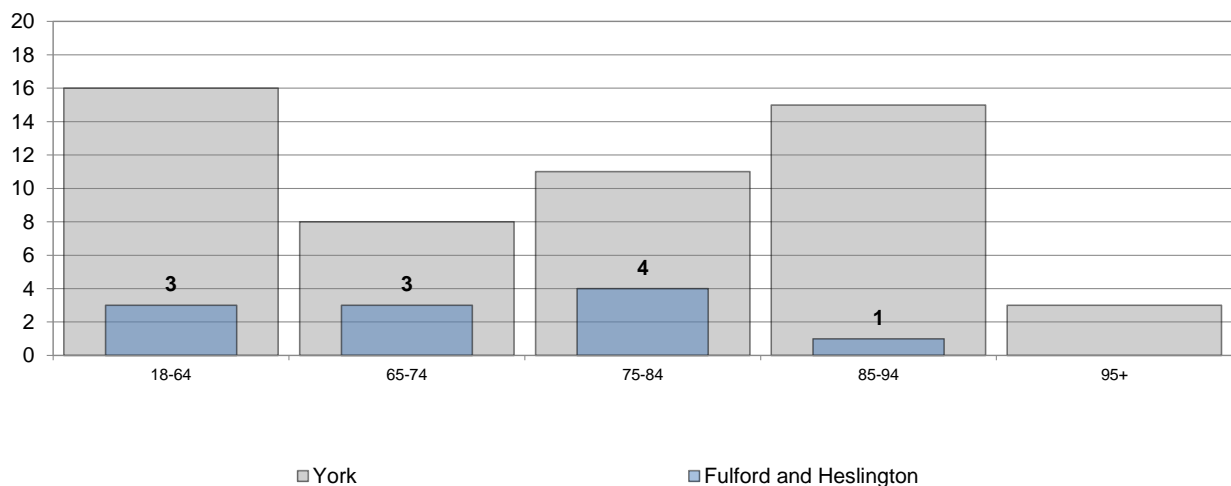
Source: Adult Social Care User Survey

### Average Weekly Homecare Hours by Client Age



Source: Adults Social Care - 2019/2020

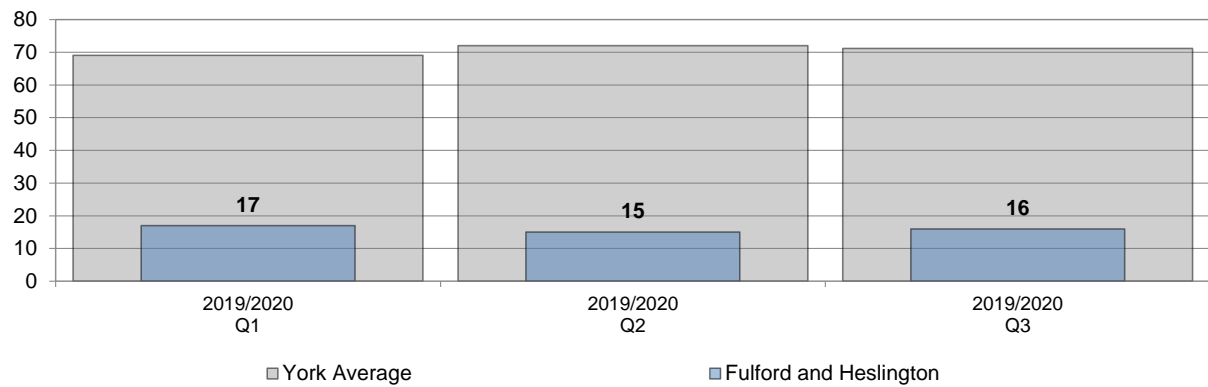
### Homecare Clients by Age



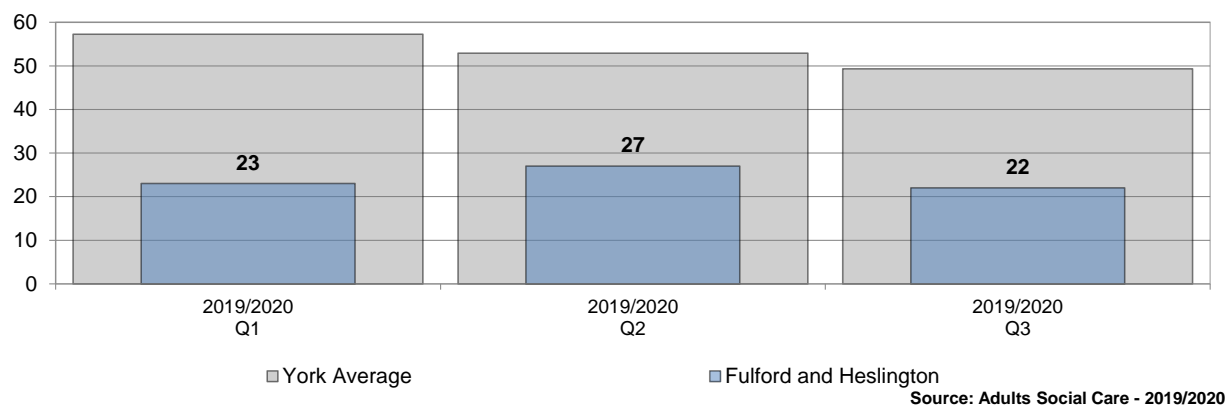
Source: Adults Social Care - 2019/2020



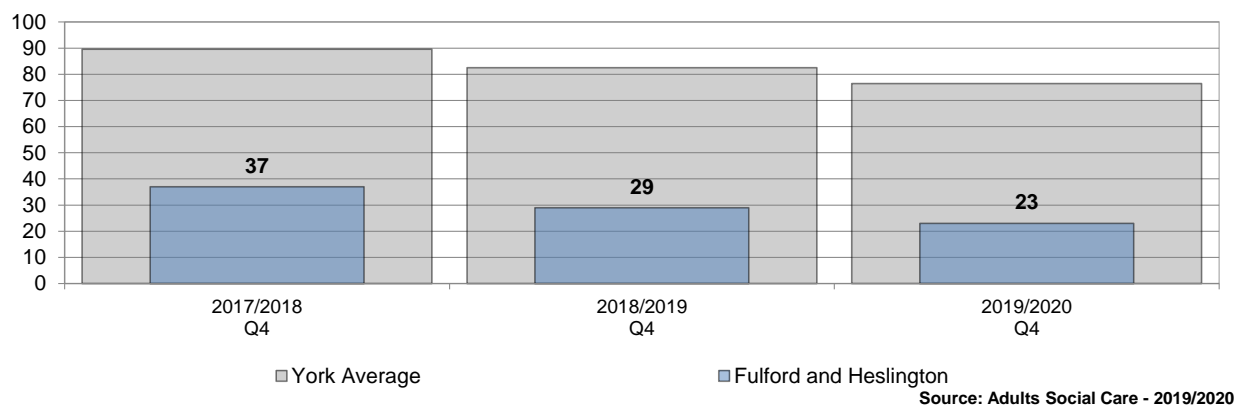
### Number of clients getting paid packages of care that are not residential/nursing care



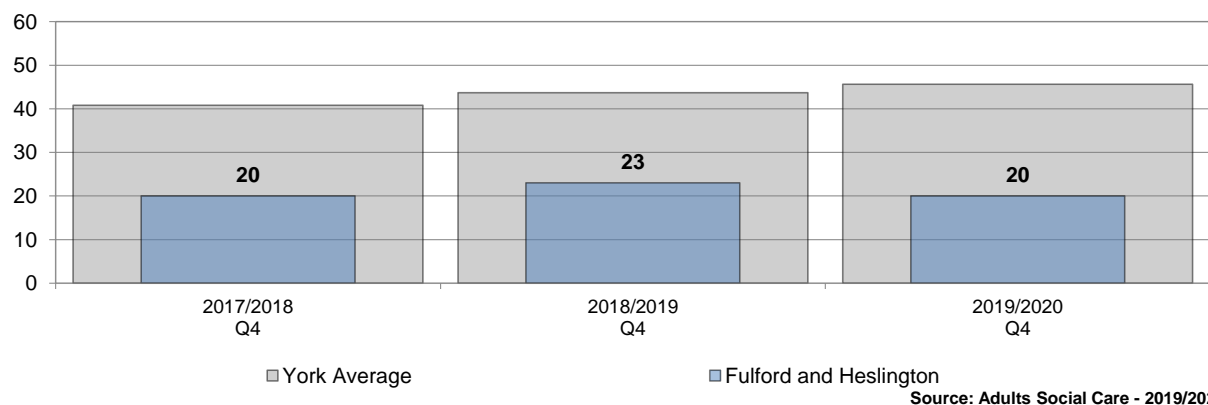
### Number of new customers requesting Adult Social Care support



### People supported to live independently through social services packages of care

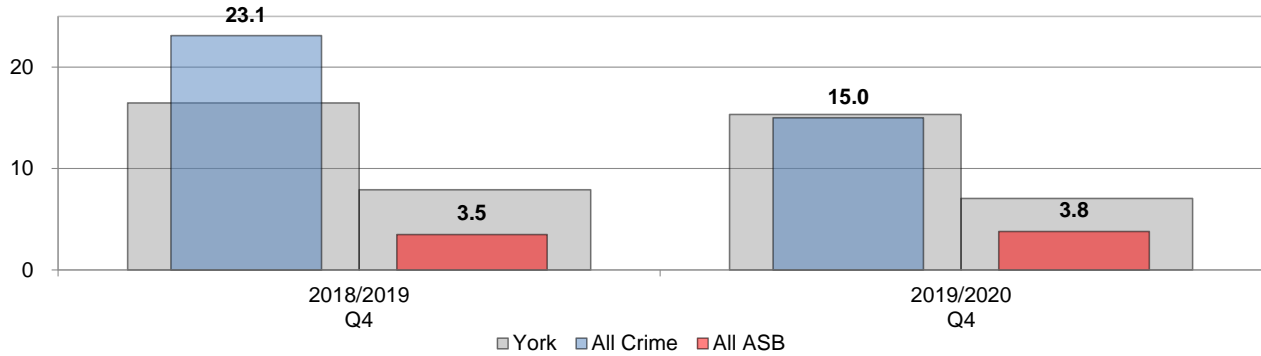


### People supported to live independently through social services intervention

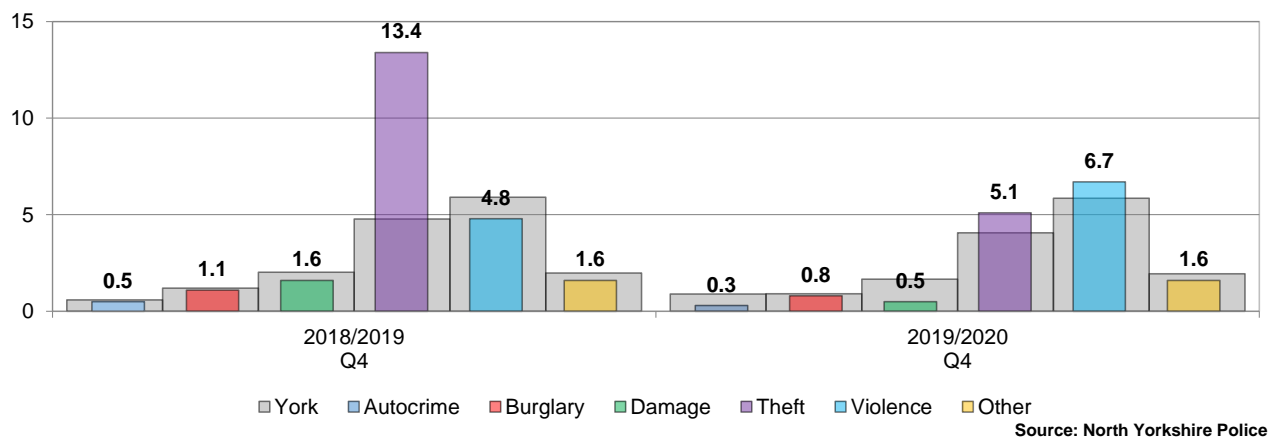


## Public Realm

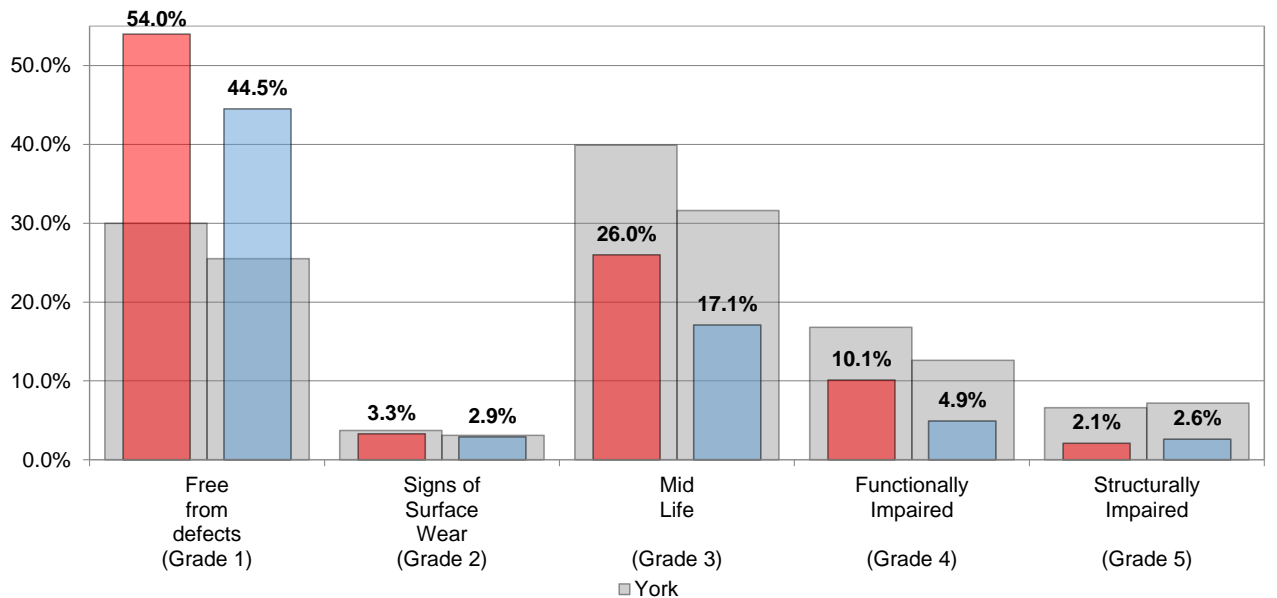
### Total Crime and Total Anti-Social Behaviour per 1,000 population



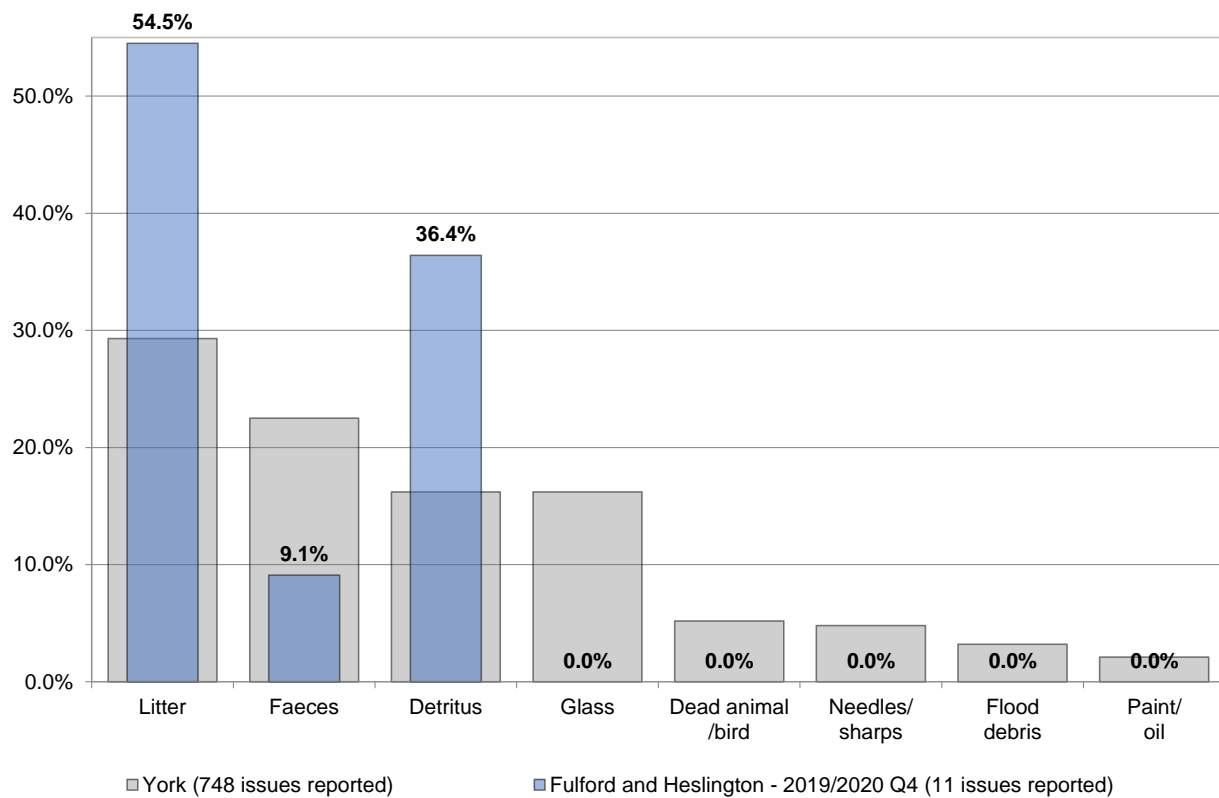
### Crime Rate per 1,000 population



### Percentage of road area that is/has

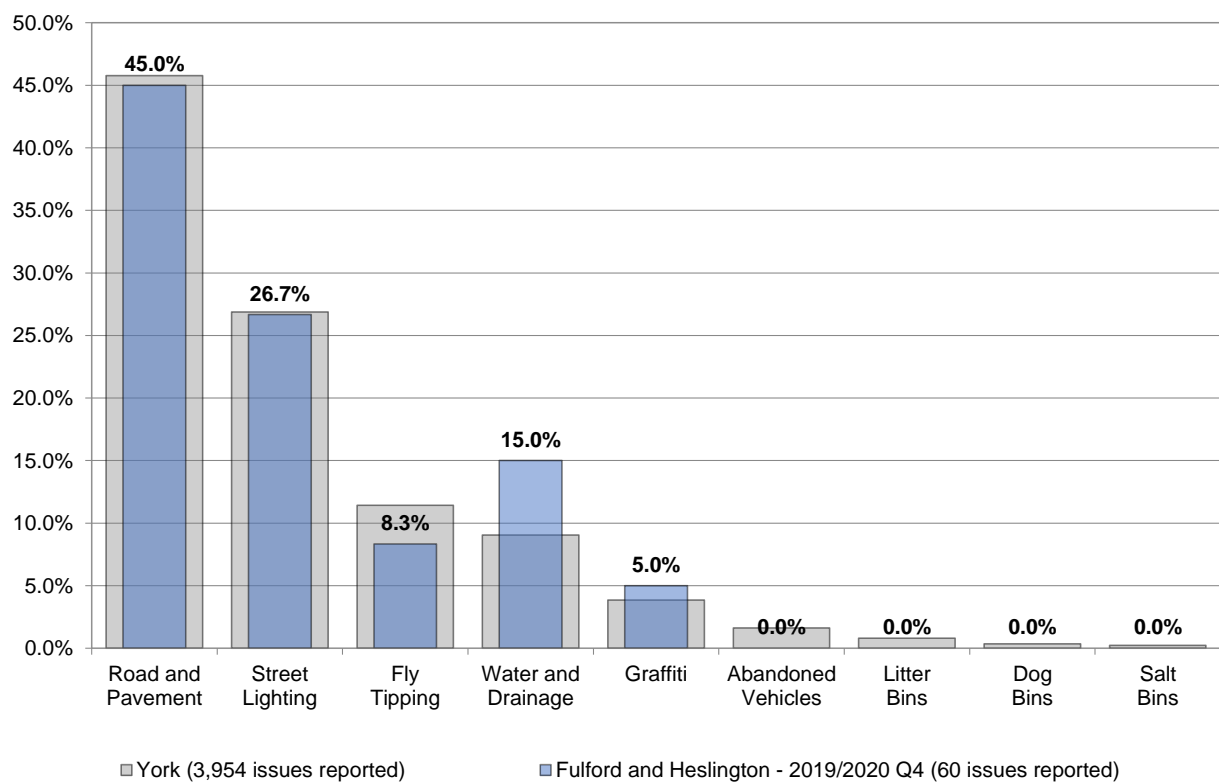


### Street Cleaning - % of issues reported



Source: City of York Council

### Other Public Realm - % of issues reported



Source: City of York Council

## Education and Schools

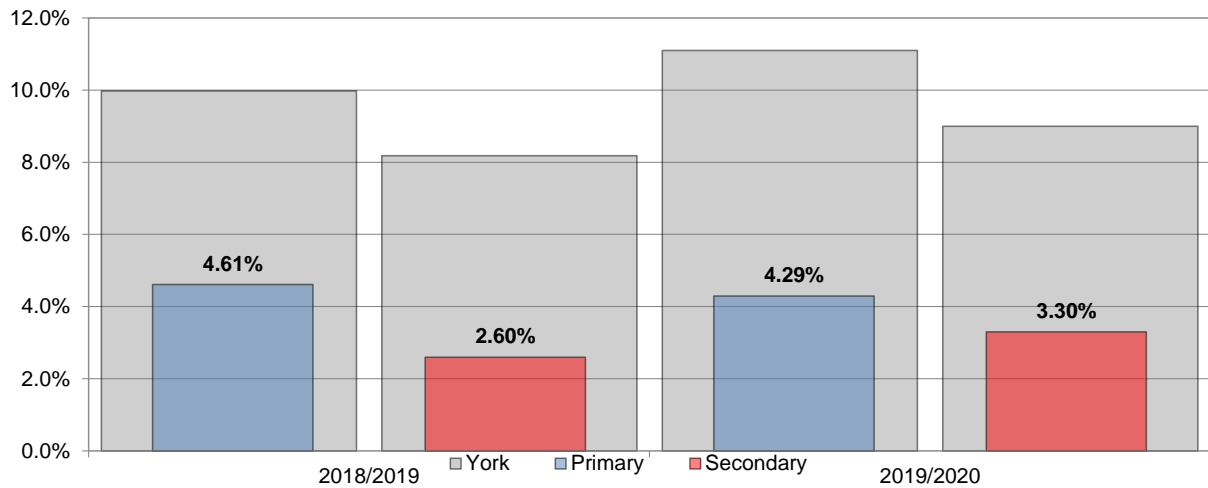
The following school catchment areas are part of Fulford and Heslington Ward:

Primary: Fishergate, Lord Deramore's and St. Oswald's CE.

Secondary: Fulford Secondary.

The following data only relates to those pupils, from this ward, who attend York Schools.

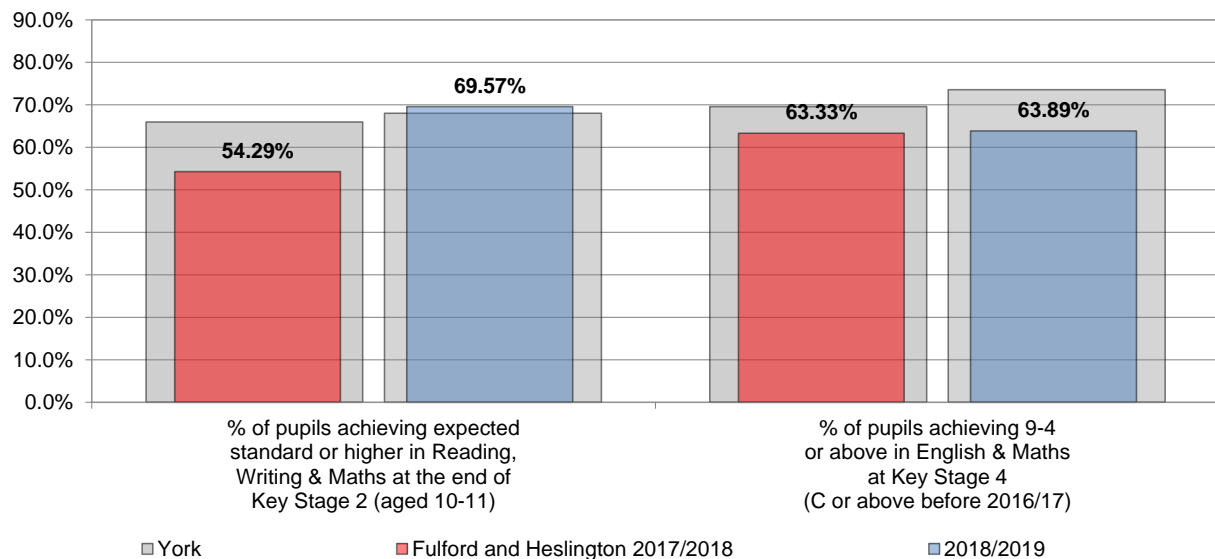
### % Free School Meal pupils - (excluding subsidiary pupils)



Number of Pupils	2018/2019	2019/2020
Primary	282	303
Secondary	231	245

Source: School Census - October

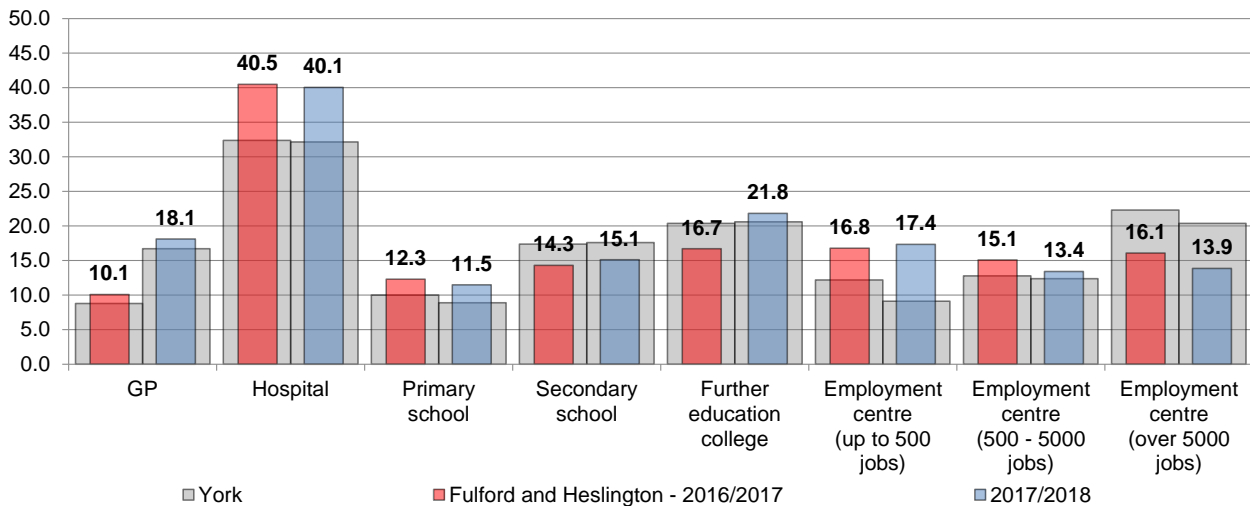
### Educational Attainment



Source: Department for Education - 2018/19

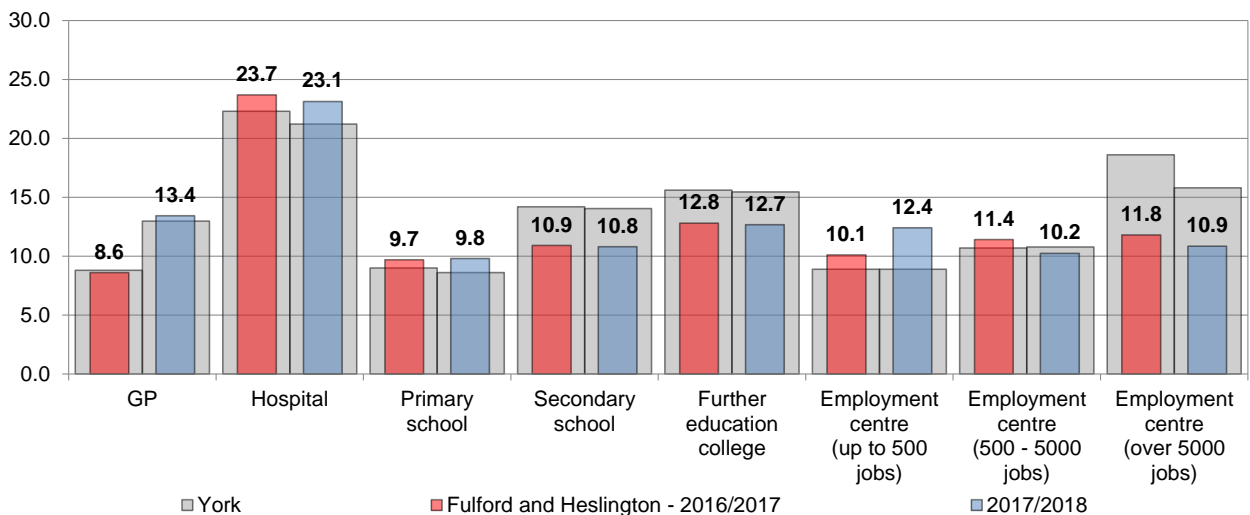
## Access to local services

Travel time (minutes) by public transport / walking to nearest...



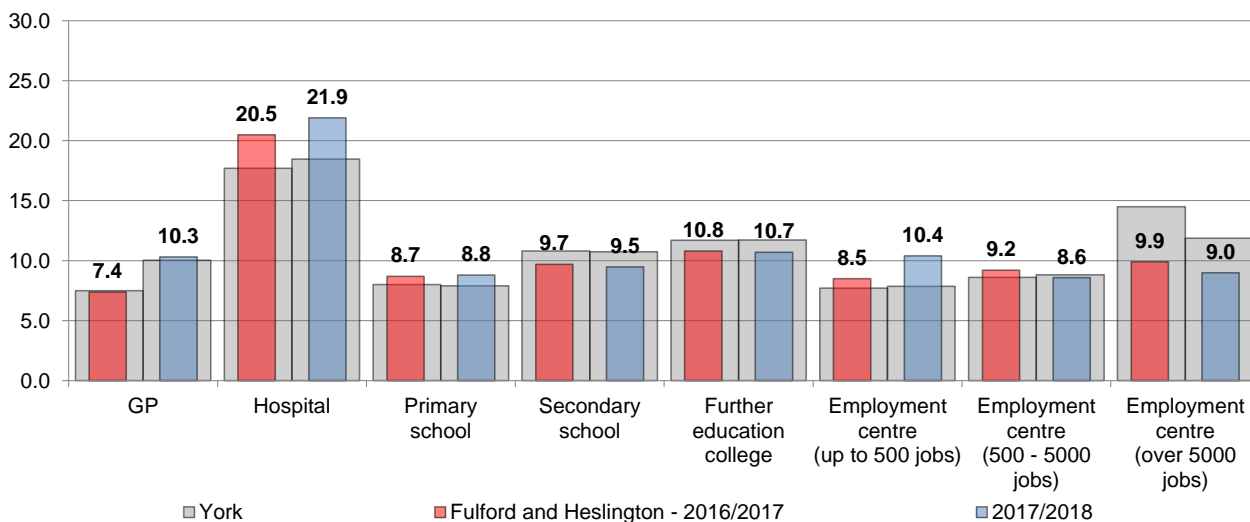
Source: Department of Transport - Journey time statistics

Travel time (minutes) by cycle to nearest...



Source: Department of Transport - Journey time statistics

Travel time (minutes) by car to nearest...



Source: Department of Transport - Journey time statistics

## Broadband coverage and speeds

In March 2017 the UK Government introduced the Universal Service Obligation (USO) for broadband as part of its commitment in the UK Digital Strategy to ensure that the UK has world-class digital connectivity and inclusion.

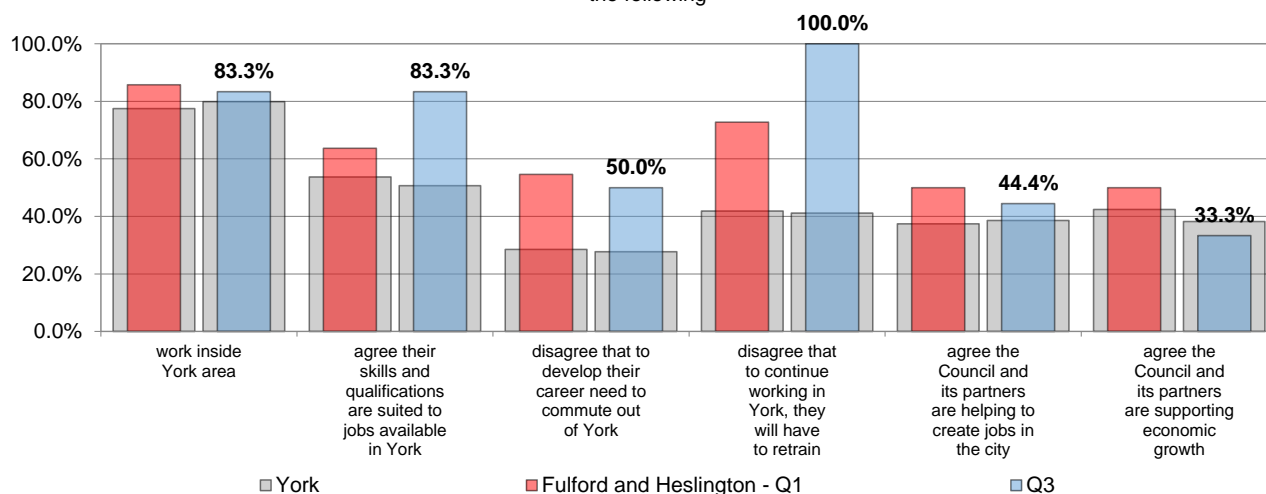
Measure	Fulford and Heslington	York	Summary
Average download speed (Mb/s)	42.11	56.10	slower than the York average
Superfast broadband availability	93.85%	93.81%	better than the York average
Connections receiving:			
slowest speeds (under 2 Mb/s)	0.04%	0.04%	lower than the York average
slower speeds (under 10 Mb/s)	3.85%	0.64%	higher than the York average
superfast speeds (over 30 Mb/s)	86.35%	93.06%	lower than the York average

This data is based on analysis of Ofcom's Connected Nations data for 2019/2020. Ofcom collected and analysed data from major fixed telecoms operators (BT, Virgin Media, Sky, Talk Talk, Vodafone and KCOM). The availability data also includes coverage information provided by alternative network providers (B4RN, BU-UK, City Fibre, Gigaclear, Hyperoptic, ITS and Relish). Due to variations in broadband performance over time, Ofcom cautions that the data should not be regarded as a definitive and fixed view of the broadband infrastructure but rather a snapshot of current variation in availability and performance across the country. Due to privacy concerns Ofcom did not present the information in postcodes with fewer than four broadband connections.

## Resident Engagement

### Resident responses about the Local Economy

Respondents who are retired or not working due to long term illness or disability were ineligible to answer the following

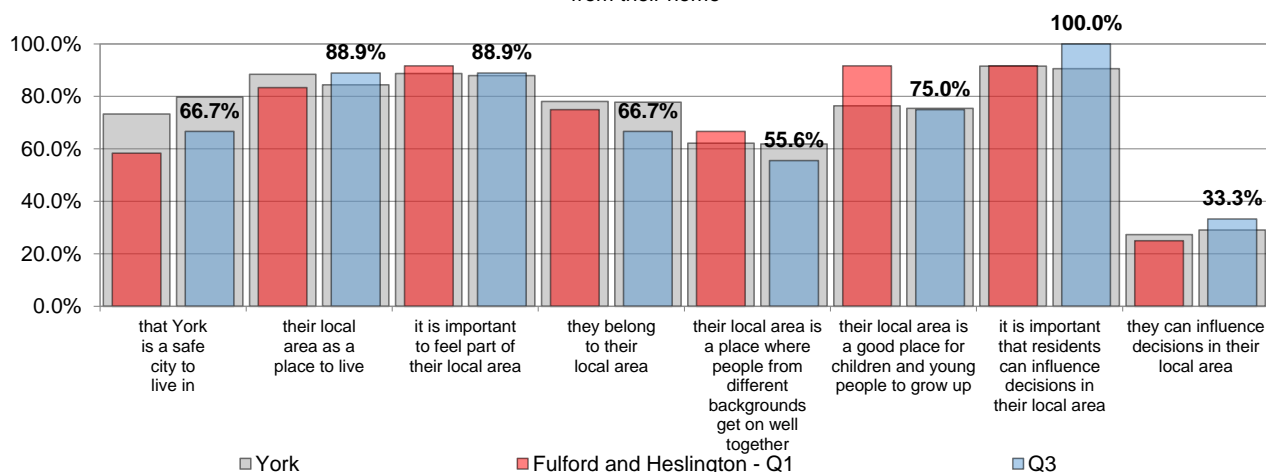


NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2019/2020

### Resident satisfaction responses about their Local Area

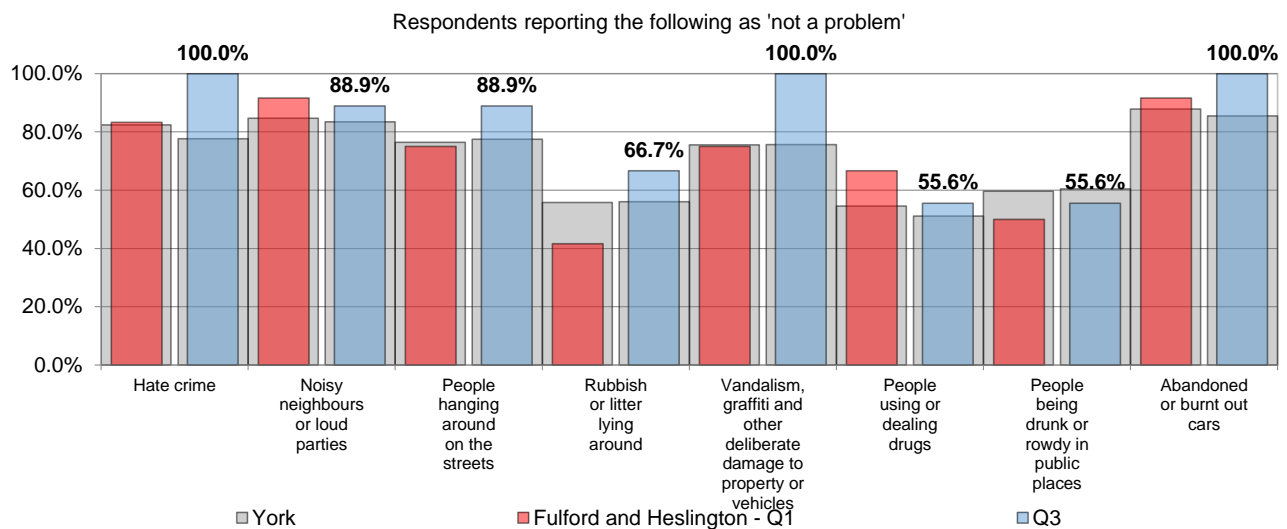
Respondents were asked to consider their Local Area as the area within 15-20 minutes walking distance from their home



NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2019/2020

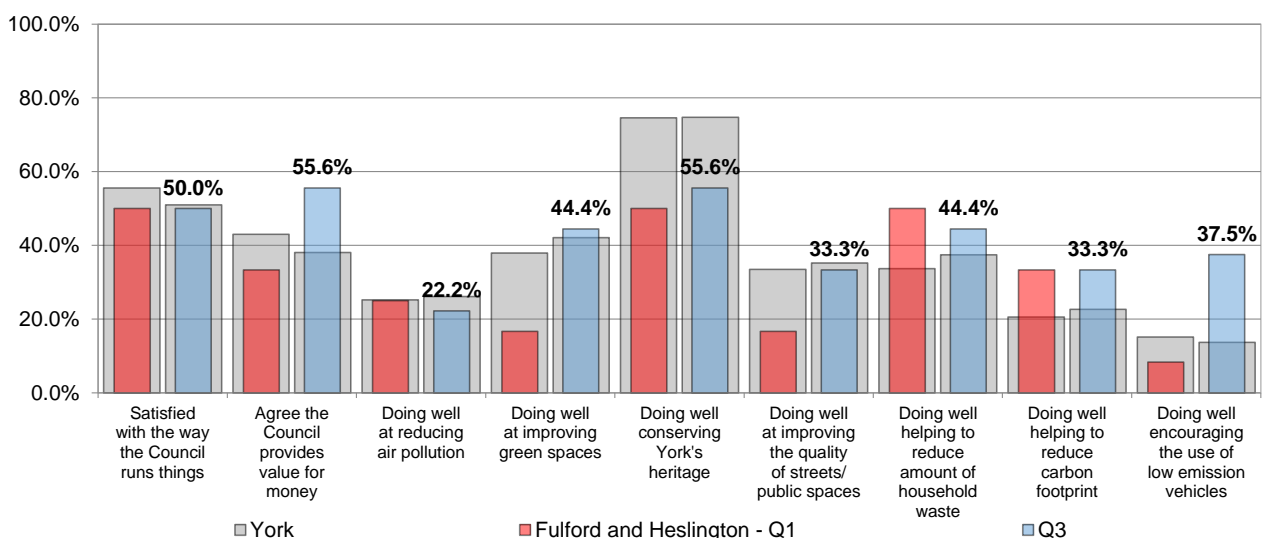
## Resident satisfaction responses about Public Realm in their Local Area



NB - Number of responses varies for each question

Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2019/2020

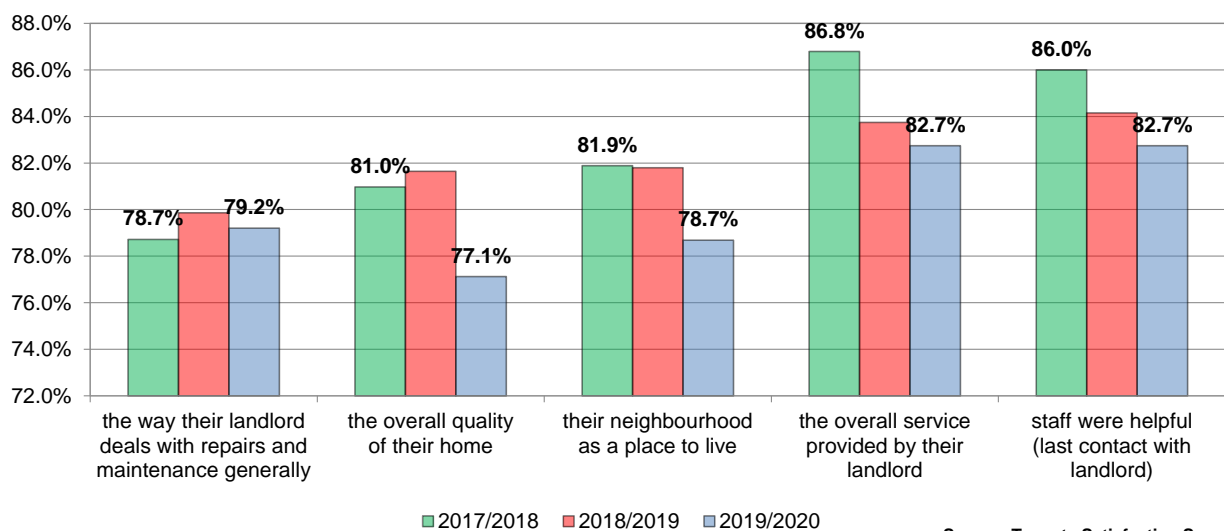
## Resident satisfaction responses about the Council (and partners)



NB - Number of responses varies for each question

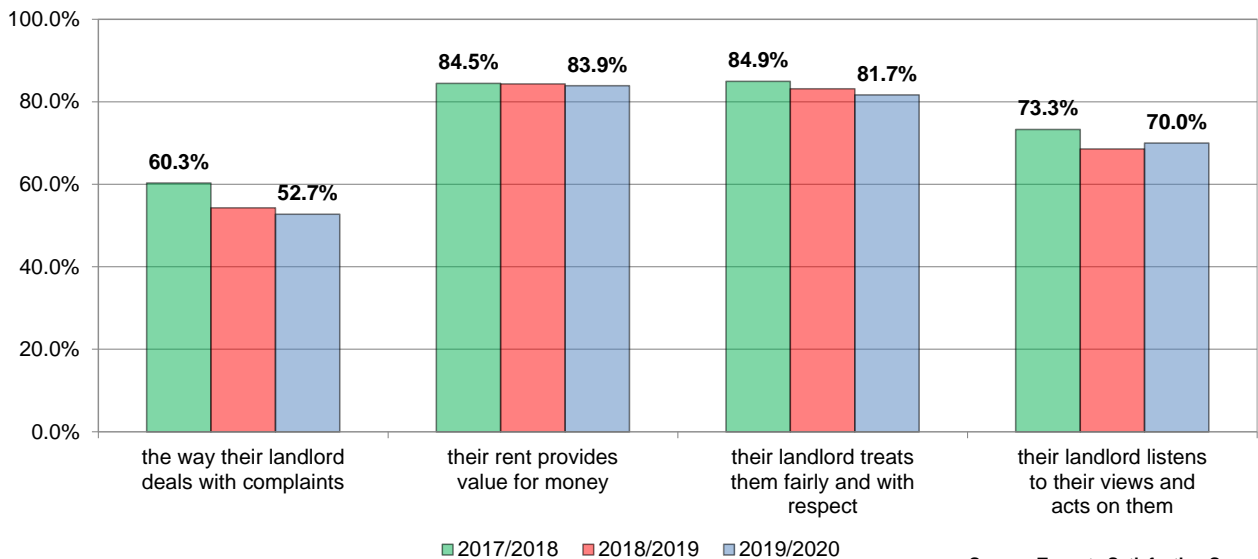
Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2019/2020

## York Council house tenants satisfied with / agree that...

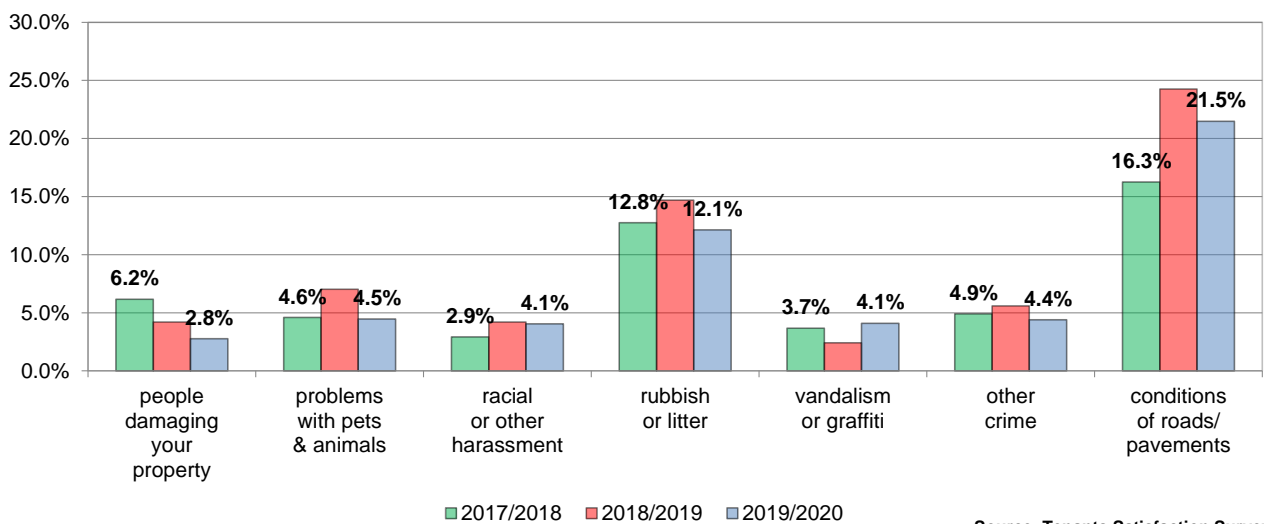
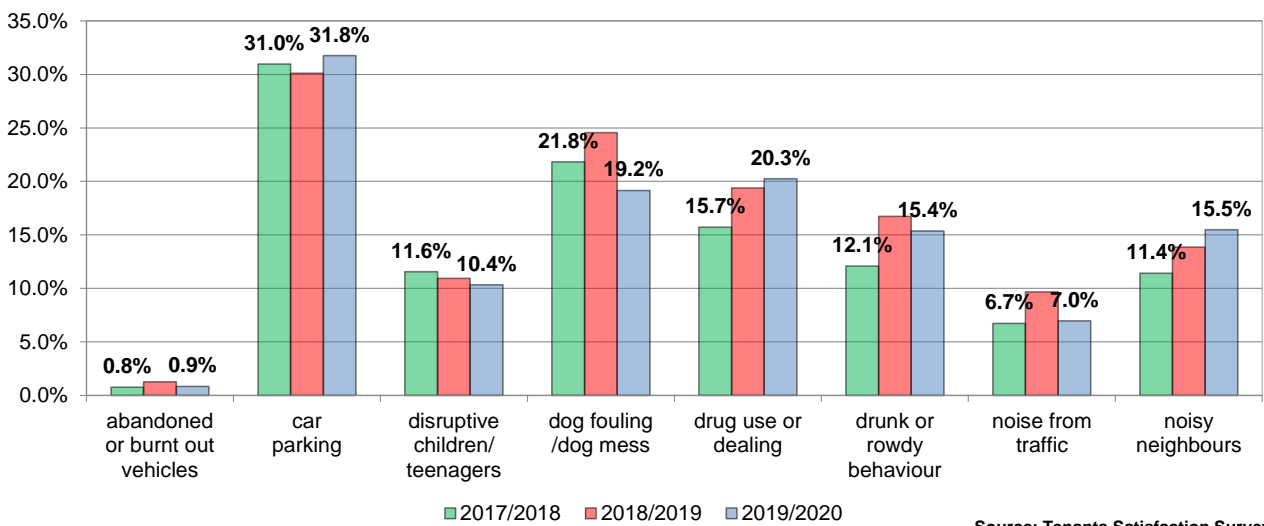


Source: Tenants Satisfaction Survey

### York Council house tenants satisfied with / agree that...



### York Council house tenants say is a major problem in their neighbourhood...





<b>Experian Groups</b>
<b>D Domestic Success</b> Families with children, upmarket suburban homes, owned with a mortgage, 3 or 4 bedrooms, high internet use.
<b>J Rental Hubs</b> Aged 18-35, private renting, singles and sharers, urban locations, young neighbourhoods.
<b>F Senior Security</b> Elderly singles and couples, homeowners, comfortable homes, additional pensions above state, don't like new technology.
<b>B Prestige Positions</b> High value detached homes, married couples, managerial and senior positions, supporting students and older children, high assets and investments.
<b>E Suburban Stability</b> Older families, some adult children at home, suburban mid-range homes, 3 bedrooms, have lived at same address some years.
<b>H Aspiring Homemakers</b> Younger households, full-time employment, private suburbs, affordable housing costs, starter salaries.
<b>N Vintage Value</b> Elderly, living alone, low income, small houses and flats, need support.
<b>Experian Types</b>
<b>D17 Thriving Independence</b> Singles and cohabitees 36+, family neighbourhoods, middle managers, large outstanding mortgage, comfortable income.
<b>F22 Legacy Elders</b> Oldest average age of 78, mostly living alone, own comfortable homes outright, final salary pensions, low technology knowledge.
<b>J42 Learners &amp; Earners</b> Students among local residents, close proximity to universities, cosmopolitan atmosphere, often terraces, two-thirds rent privately.
<b>J40 Career Builders</b> Most aged 26-35, singles and cohabiting couples, good incomes from career jobs, rent /own nice apartments, pleasant neighbourhoods.
<b>B09 Diamond Days</b> Well-off retirees, spacious detached homes, comfortable retirement income, wide range of investments, check stocks and shares online.
<b>H34 Contemporary Starts</b> Cohabiting couples and singles, late 20s and 30s, some have young kids, modern housing, owned or rented, further away from centres, use ebay.
<b>C13 Uptown Elite</b> Own expensive urban homes, families with older or adult kids, high status professionals, accessible inner suburbs, book entertainment online.
<b>I39 Ageing Access</b> Average age 63, often living alone, most are homeowners, modest income, 1 or 2 bed flats and terraces.
<b>D16 Mid-Career Convention</b> Married couples with kids, traditional suburbs, professional jobs, likely to have life cover, high proportion with mortgage.
<b>F25 Classic Grandparents</b> Elderly couples, traditional views, not good with new technology, most likely to have a basic mobile, long length of residence.