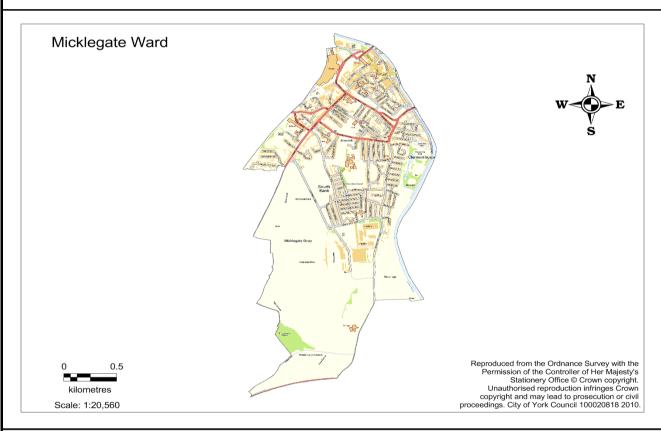


York Summary

- York has 208,163 residents with 5.7% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 83.9% are in good health, with 15.3% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £637.58 was the Average Weekly Household Income in 2015/2016 (£629.00 in 2013/2014).
- 66% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 18% are private renters and 14% are social tenants. There are 7,540 Council Houses in York.
- 73.5% of residents have a Level 1 4 qualification, of which 62.9% are, at least, qualified to Level 2, but 18.0% have no qualifications at all.
- 10.0% of children are in child poverty (7.7% of children live in a household where a parent or quardian claims an out-of-work benefit) and there are 8.9% of households in fuel poverty.
- 1.6% of the working population (aged 16-64) claim out of work benefits and 0.1% claim job seekers allowance.



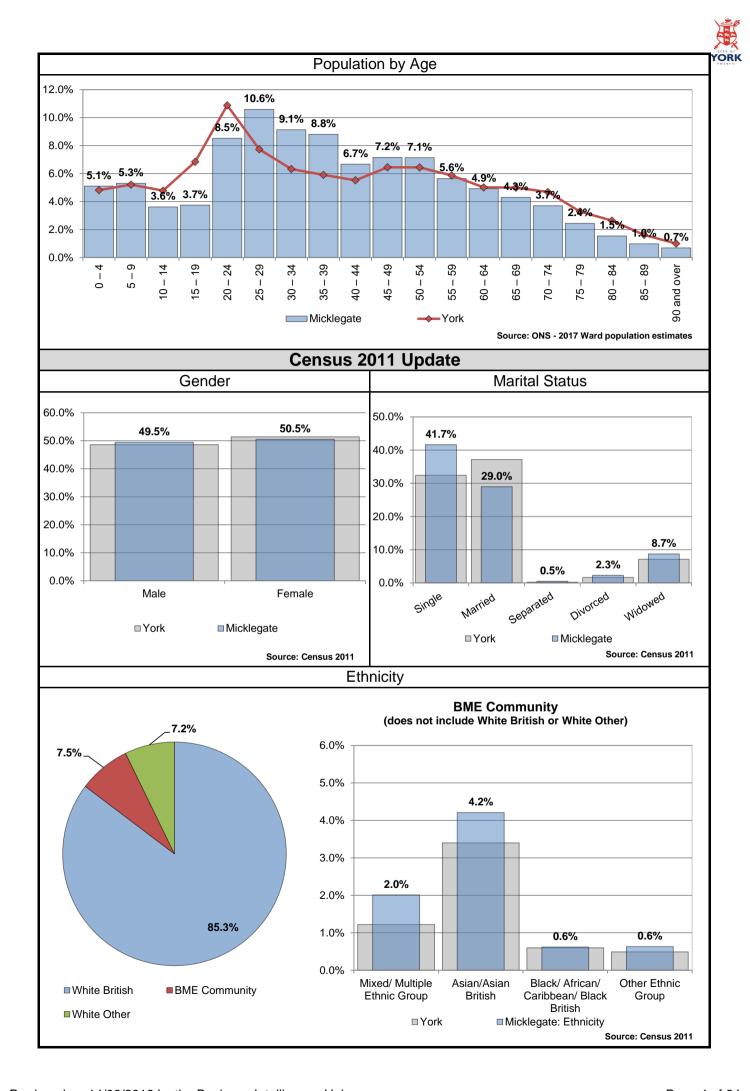
Ward Summary

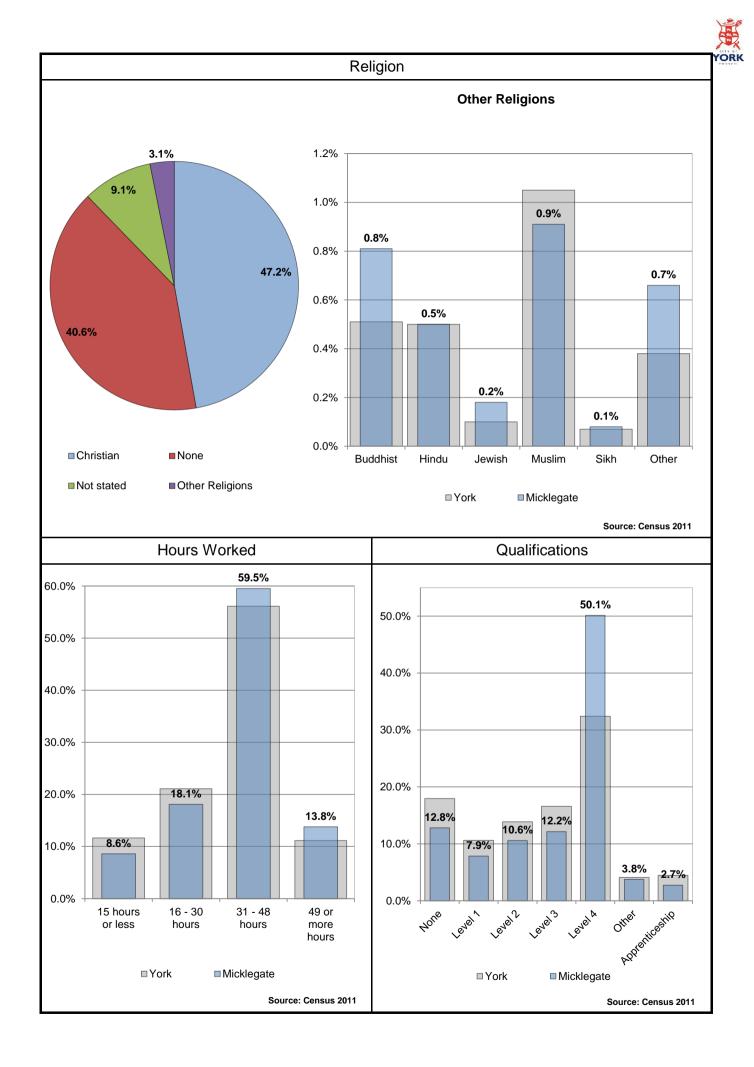
- Micklegate has 12,927 residents with 7.5% from a black and minority ethnic community group. 86.0% are in good health, with 12.6% stating that they have some limitation in day to day activities.
- £646.7 was the Average Weekly Household Income in 2015/2016 (£654.29 in 2013/2014).
- 51% own their own home, either outright or with a mortgage, 34% are private renters and 13% are social tenants. There are 567 Council Houses in this ward, which is 7.52% of York's total.
- 80.7% of residents have a Level 1 4 qualification, of which 72.8% are, at least, qualified to Level 2, but 12.8% have no qualifications at all.
- 9.4% of children are in child poverty (6.6% of children live in a household where a parent or guardian claims an out-of-work benefit) and there are 10.4% of households in fuel poverty.
- 1.3% of the working population claim out of work benefits and 0.1% claim job seekers allowance.

	Ward	performa	nce by ke	ey areas				
This is an "at a glance" summ	ary of perfo	rmance with	in the ward	l - more det	ail is prov	/ided later	in the p	rofile.
Micklegate Ward		Best Ward in York	Worst Ward in York	York Ward Average	Pe Good	Area of concern	In Top 5 Wards	In Bottom 5 Wards
Economy						r below the je ± 10%	Pa	ges 8 - 10
Income support claimants	0.20%	0.00%	1.00%	0.38%		1070		
JSA claimants	0.11%	0.00%	0.28%	0.11%				
Residents who agree the council and its partners are helping to create jobs in the city	33.33%	63.64%	23.08%	41.41%		•		
Residents who agree their skills and qualifications are suited to jobs available in York	47.62%	71.43%	20.00%	52.78%				
Business Startups:		1000	45.0	1 45.0		1		I
Number (YTD) per 10,000 working age	64.0	102.0	15.0	45.3				
population (YTD)	68.7	147.6	22.8	76.0				
Poverty							•	Page 10
Fuel poverty (households)	10.39%	6.00%	15.57%	8.71%		•		
Child poverty	9.40%	1.90%	20.20%	8.78%				
Health and Wellbeing							Paç	jes 12 - 15
Reception year obesity	6.90%	5.10%	13.20%	8.38%				
Year 6 obesity	13.70%	8.40%	24.20%	15.39%				
Male life expectancy	79.9	83.4	76.1	80.0				
Female life expectancy	83.2	86.9	80.3	83.7				
Emergency hospital admissions for children (per 1,000 population)	162.0	138.9	209.6	174.8				
% with limiting long term illness or disability	12.60%	10.20%	21.10%	15.50%				
% of obese adults	18.60%	14.60%	28.70%	22.68%				
% of adults binge drinking	37.90%	22.00%	42.80%	29.11%		•		•
% of adults healthy eating	30.80%	33.60%	21.70%	29.09%				
Elective hospital admissions (SAR)	86.5	76.0	116.5	99.8				
Emergency hospital admissions (SAR)	92.4	75.2	123.4	93.8				
Emergency hospital admissions for injuries resulting from a fall (over 65)	23.6	14.5	38.7	24.0				
Crime and Anti-Social Behavior	ur						_	Page 16
Crime (per 1,000 population)	33.6	4.0	55.3	14.2		•		•
ASB (per 1,000 population)	18.1	1.5	27.9	6.5		•		•
Residents who think that hate crime is not a problem in their local area	83.87%	100.00%	57.14%	83.25%				
Residents who agree that York is a safe city to live in, relatively free from crime and violence	77.42%	93.75%	54.55%	76.17%				
Key: Good perfo	ormance		•	Area of co	ncern			

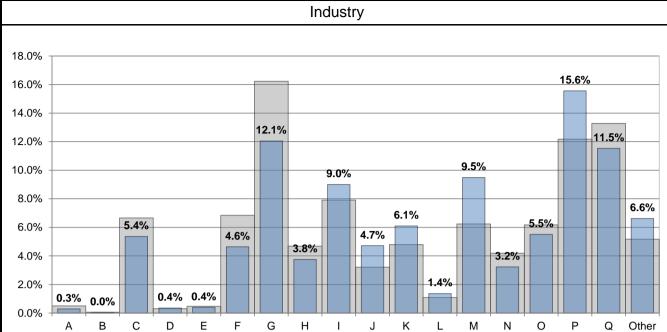
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CITY OF

					Performance (latest data)			
Ward		Best Ward in York	Worst Ward in York	York Ward Average	Good	Area of concern	In Top 5 Wards	In Bottom 5 Wards
Adult Social Care							Pag	jes 17 - 1
Social Isolation	2.0	1.4	2.2	1.9				
Homecare hours (weekly average)	9.6	0.0	11.3	6.4		•		•
Homecare clients (per 1,000 population)	3.7	0.0	8.1	3.2		•		
Average score recorded by custo			assessme	nts complet	ed in per	iod		<u>I</u>
<i>(0 Fully independent to 4 High su_l</i> Able to make use of home safely	2. 5	0.0	3.3	1.8		•		
Able to develop and maintain		0.0				•		
family or other personal relationships, without any support	1.1	0.0	3.3	1.3	1.0			
Able to access and engage in work, training, education or volunteering	0.4	0.0	1.4	0.2		•		•
Able to make use of necessary facilities or services in the local community	2.7	0.0	4.0	2.2		•		
Able to make decisions and organise life	2.1	0.0	2.9	1.4		•		•
Schools and Educational Attain	ment							Page 1
Primary school pupils claiming Free School Meals	5.47%	22.09%	2.25%	9.30%				
Secondary school pupils claiming Free School Meals	5.32%	22.22%	2.29%	8.11%				
Key Stage 2 Attainment	80.25%	80.25%	49.14%	66.31%				
Key Stage 4 Attainment	77.05%	91.43%	53.85%	71.37%				
Travel time (minutes) by public	transport /	walking to	nearest		<u>.</u>	•	L	Page 2
GP	5.0	5.0	14.5	9.2				
Hospital	28.2	11.9	55.1	34.9				
Primary school	7.2	6.5	13.3	9.8				
Secondary school	10.3	10.3	30.0	18.4				
Broadband coverage and speed	ls							Page 2
Average download speed (Mb/s)	27.4	381.6	21.8	83.6				
Superfast availability	86.96%	99.54%	80.74%	91.54%				
Resident Engagement				•		•	Pag	jes 21 - 2
Residents satisfied with their	90.32%	96.43%	63.64%	88.06%				
local area as a place to live	90.32%	96.43%	63.64%	88.06%				
Residents who agree that they belong to their local area	67.74%	100.00%	64.29%	81.87%		•		•
Residents agree their local area s a good place for children and young people to grow up	70.97%	92.86%	56.52%	77.88%				•
Residents who agree that they can influence decisions in their	36.67%	45.16%	0.00%	26.21%				
ocal area	W100 0 10 0 1		•	Aros of -]
Key: Sood perfo	imance		•	Area of cor	icern			









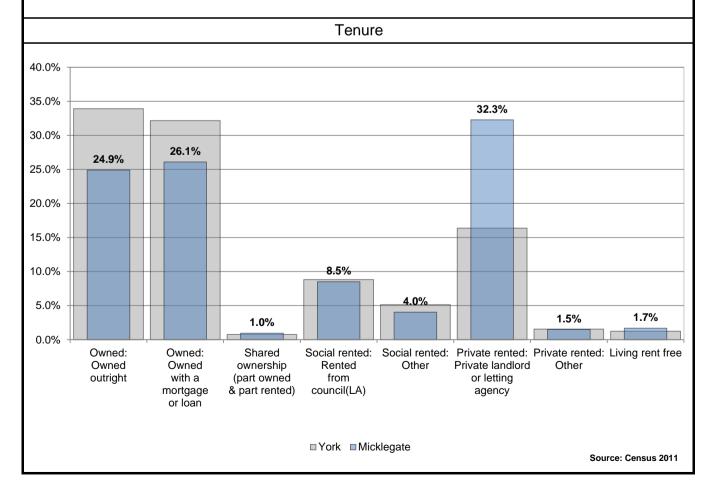
A: Agriculture, forestry and fishing, B: Mining and quarrying, C: Manufacturing, D: Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply, E: Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities, F: Construction

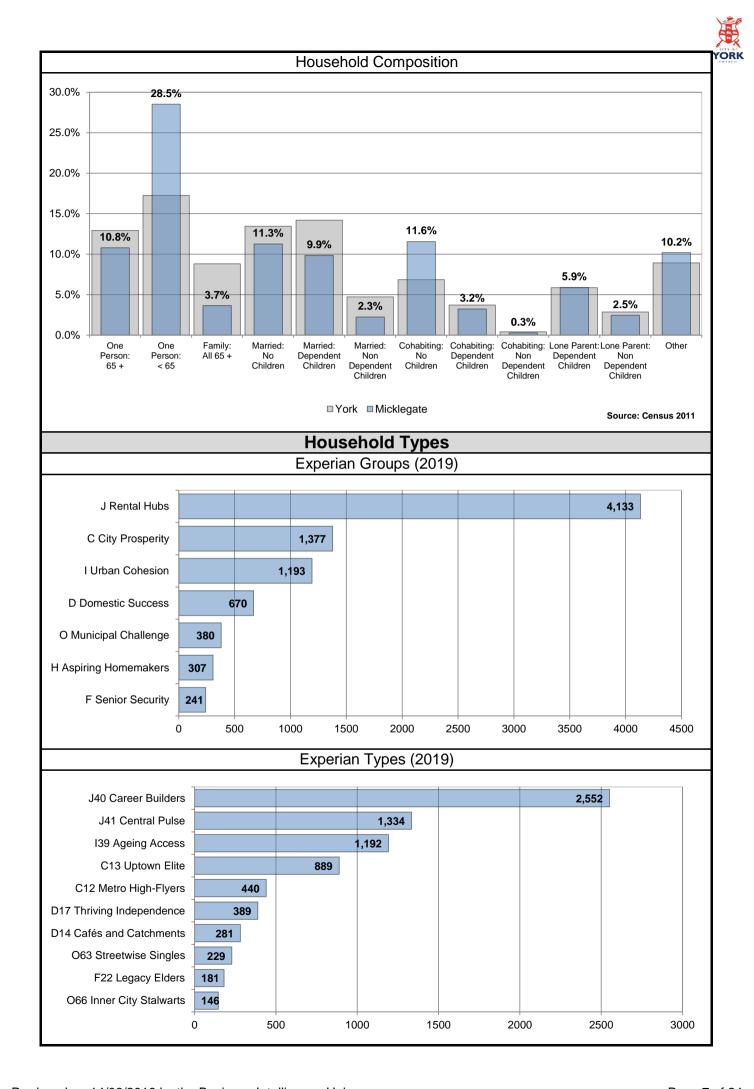
G: Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles, H: Transport and storage, I: Accommodation and food service activities, J: Information and communication, K: Financial and insurance activities, L: Real estate activities

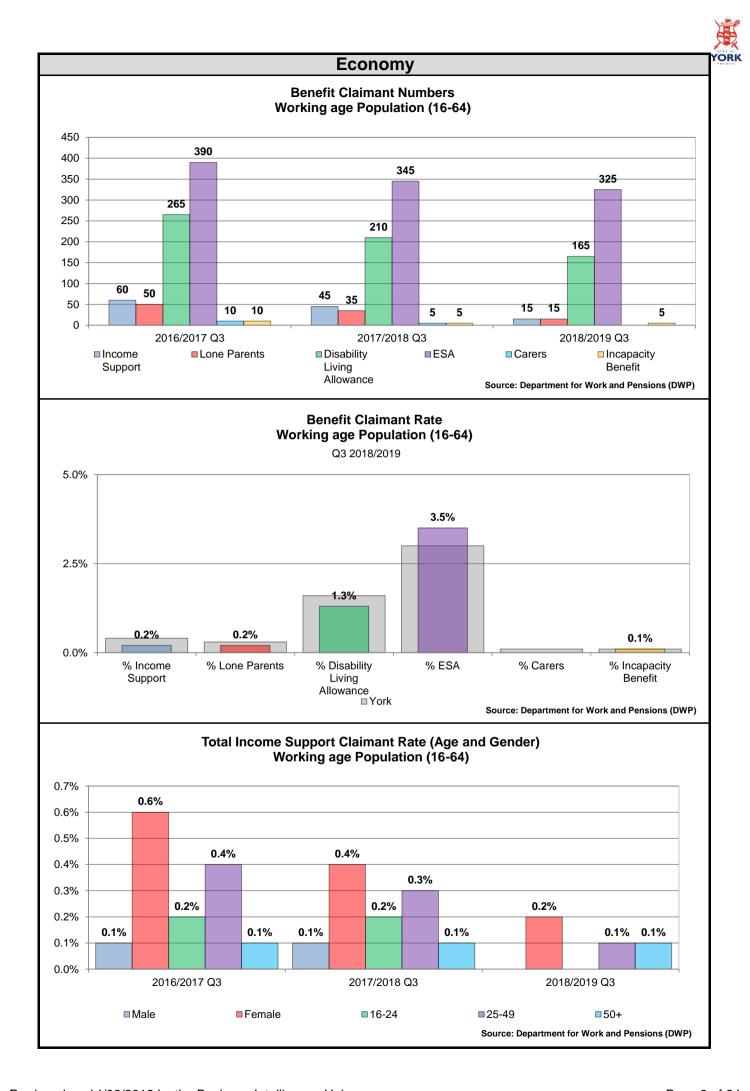
M: Professional, scientific and technical activities, N: Administrative and support service activities, O: Public administration and defence; compulsory social security, P: Education, Q: Human health and social work activities



Source: Census 2011

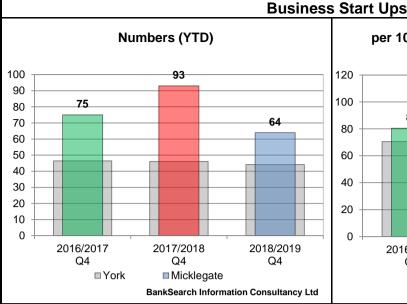




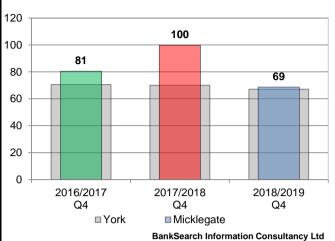








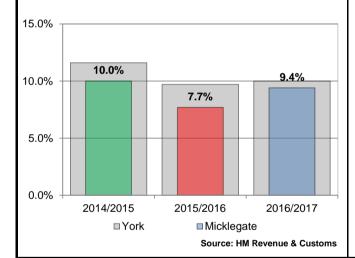
per 10,000 working age population (YTD)



Poverty

Child Poverty

The proportion of children living in families in receipt of out-of-work (means-tested) benefits or in receipt of tax credits where their reported income is less than 60 per cent of UK median income

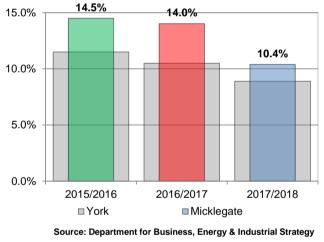


Fuel Poverty

The Low Income High Costs indicator is a twin indicator consisting of:
• the number of households that have both low incomes and high fuel costs: and

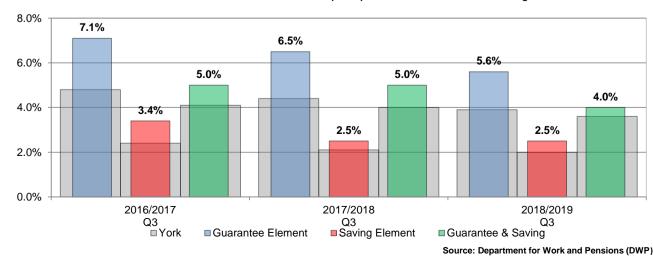
• the depth of fuel poverty amongst these fuel poor households.

This is measured through a fuel poverty gap which represents the difference between the required fuel costs for each household and the median required fuel costs.



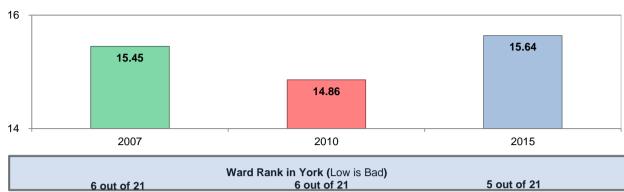
Pension Credit

Pension Credit is an income-related benefit made up of 2 parts - Guarantee Credit and Savings Credit.

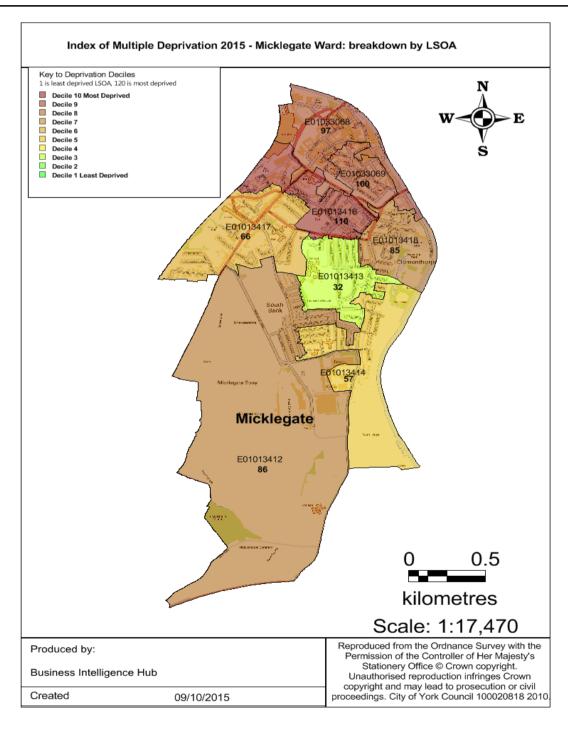


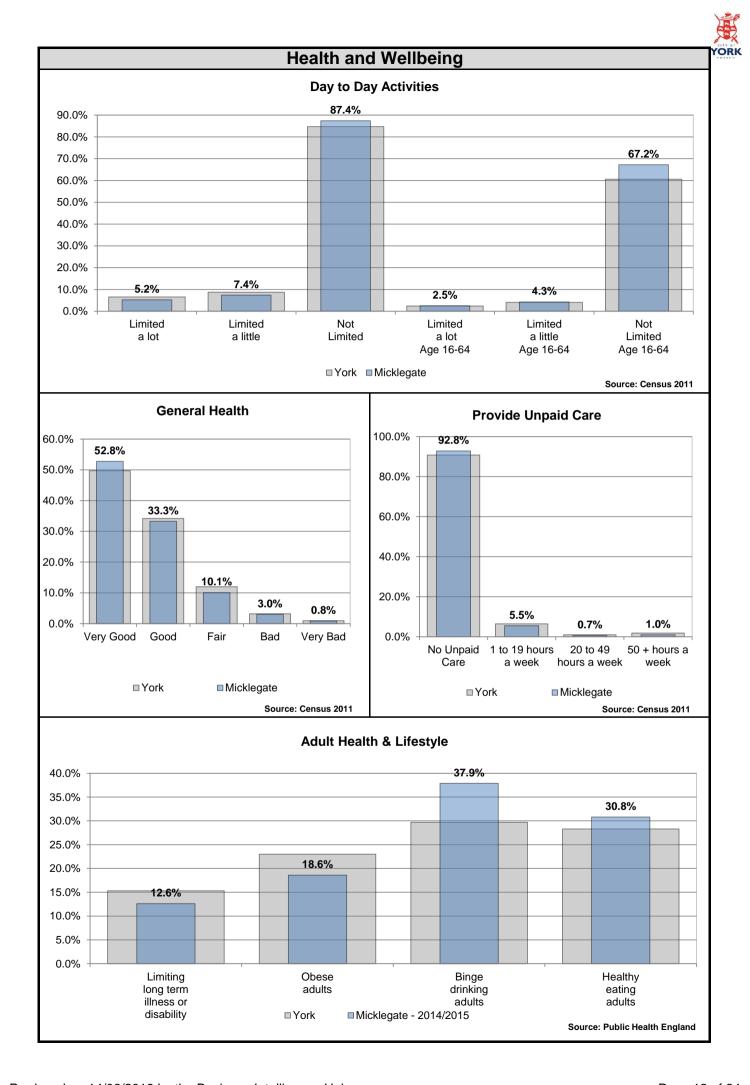


The IMD measures and rates a number of different domains affecting quality of life including income, employment, education and skills, health and disability, crime, barriers to services and quality of living environments.

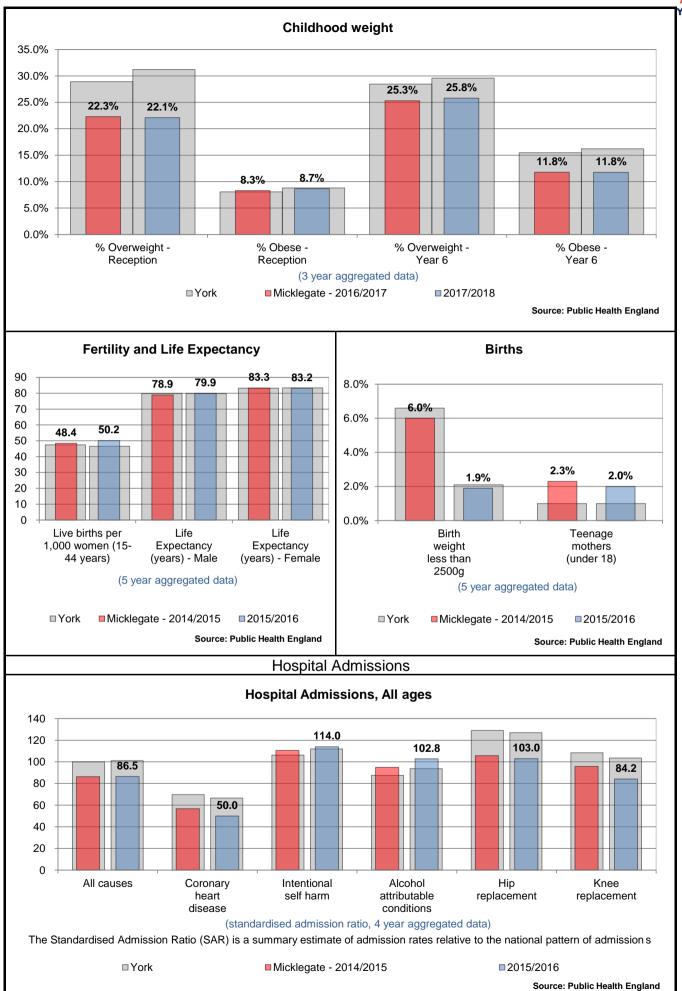


Source: Department for Communities and Local Government (DCLG)

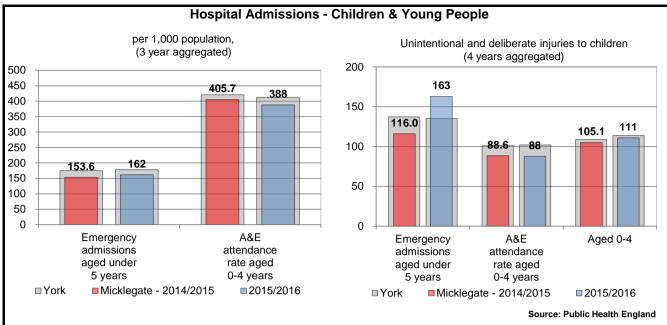


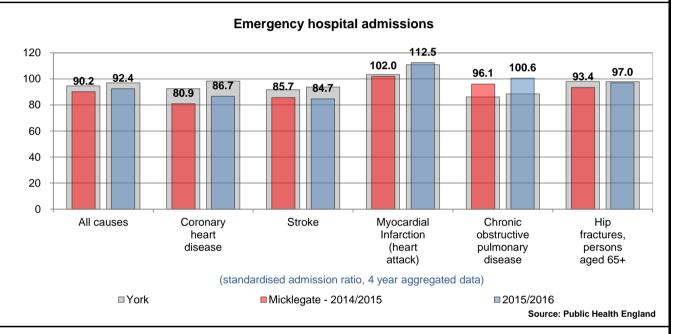






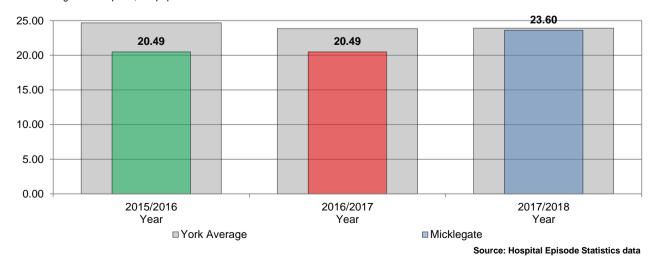


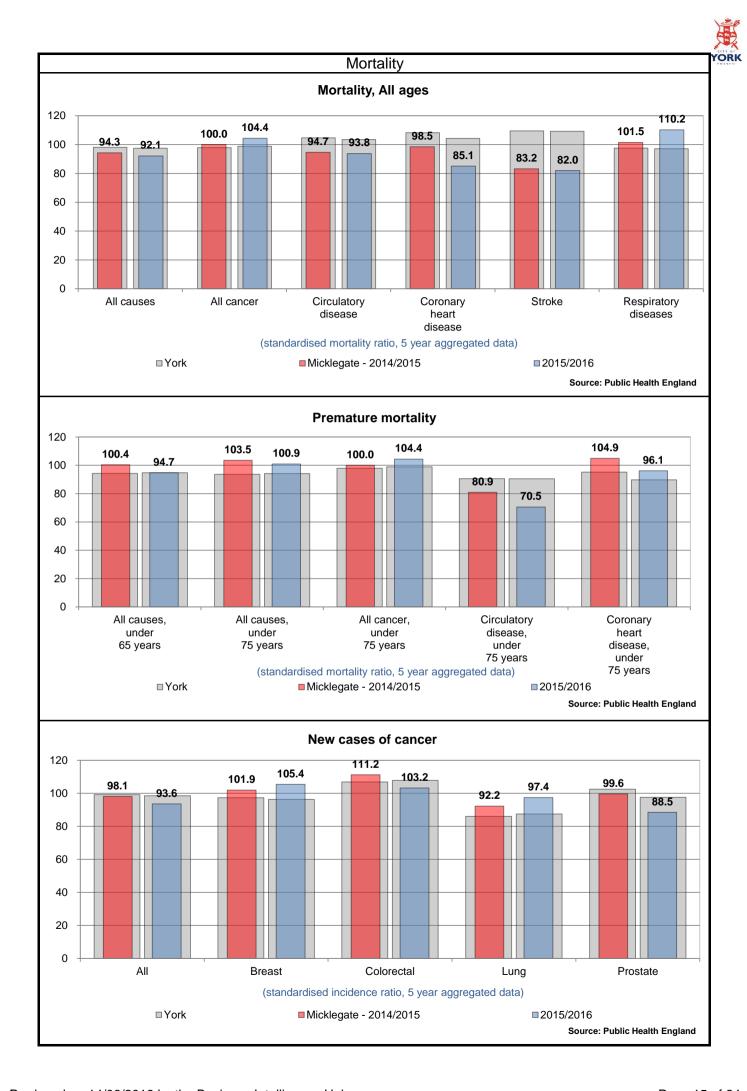


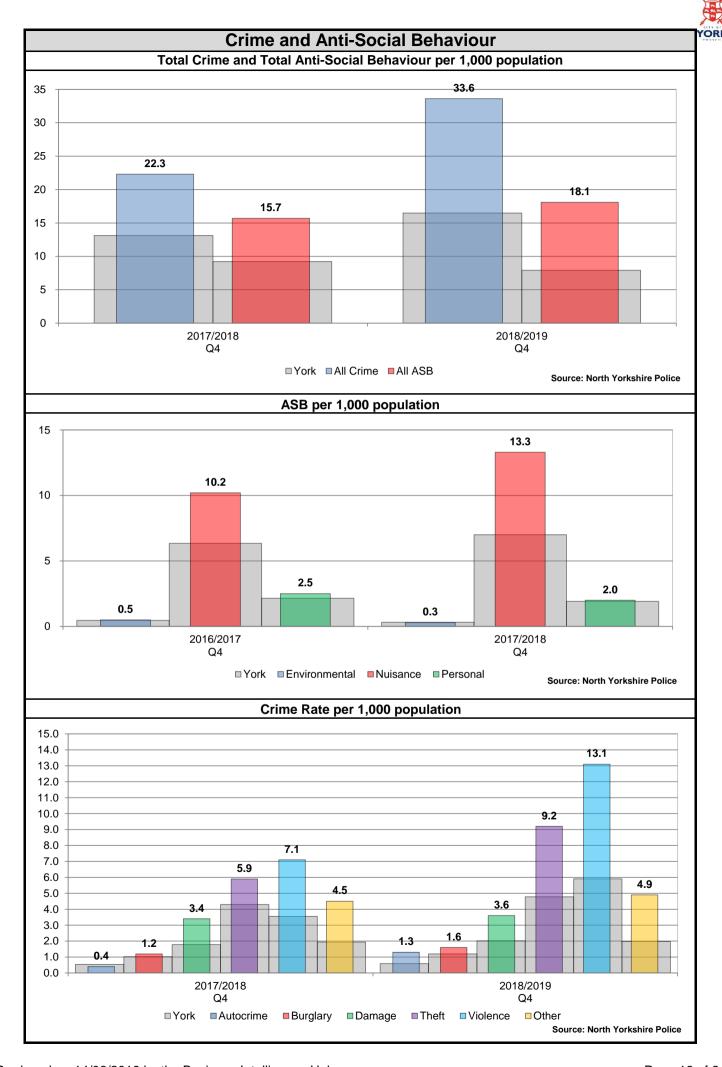


Emergency hospital admissions for injuries resulting from a fall (over 65), per 1,000 population

Falls data: the figures given here are taken from Hospital Episode Statistics data, which takes the number of those aged 65 or over being admitted to hospital on a non-elective basis at least once in each year as a result of a fall and divides it by the number of those of that age group resident in each ward to give a rate per 1,000 population.



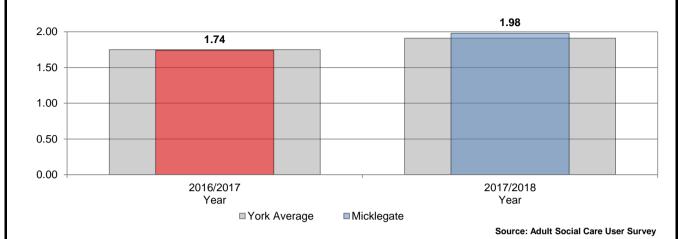




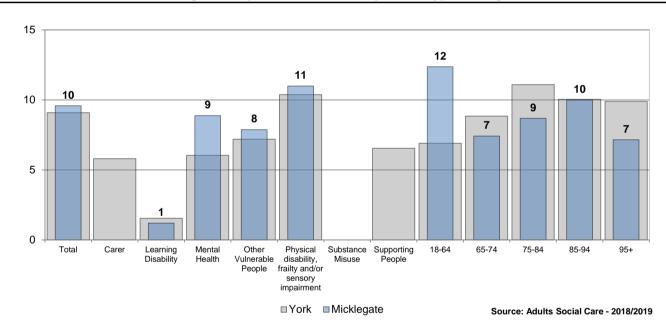
Adult Social Care

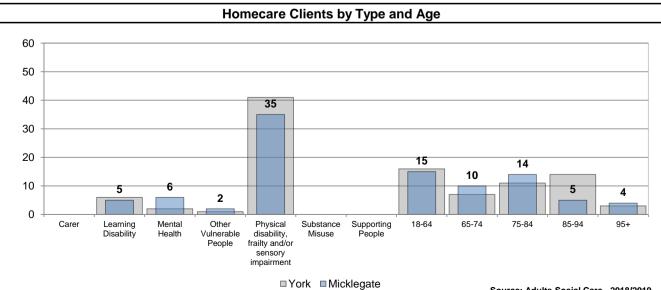
Social isolation

Social isolation: This is based on respondents to two questions on the Adult Social Care Survey regarding social contact and how time is spent. A score of 1 indicates that the respondent has plenty of social contact and that they spend their time doing things they enjoy A score of 4 indicates that the respondent feels socially isolated and that they don't feel they do anything of value with their time. The mean of all respondents' responses to both questions is the score presented here.

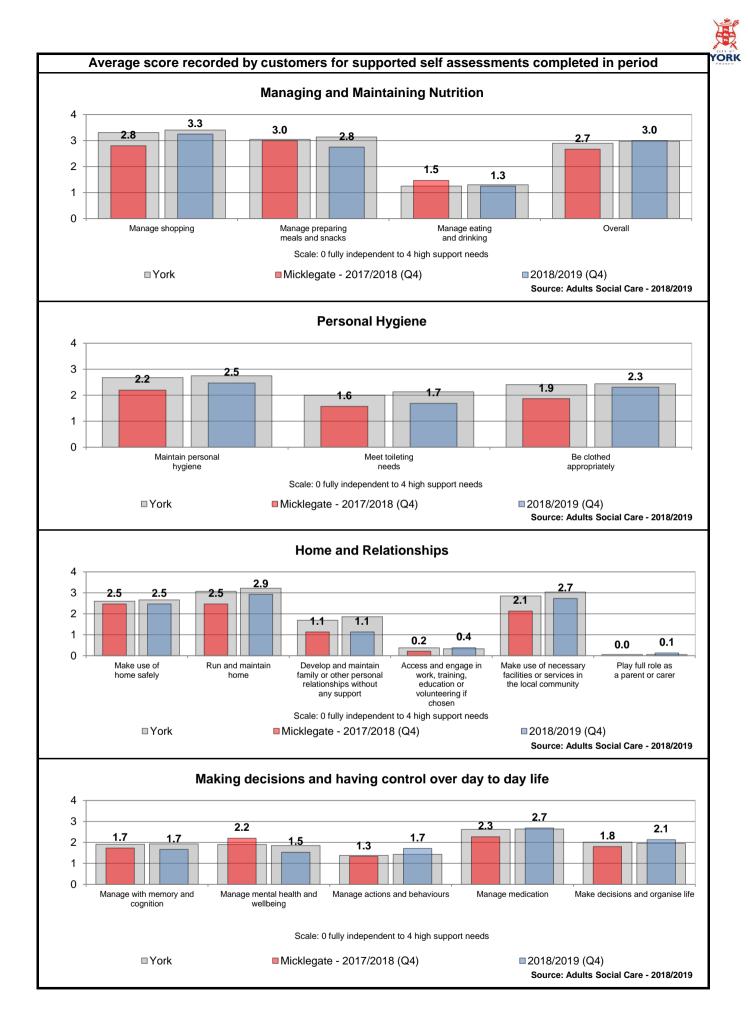


Average Weekly Homecare Hours by Client Type and Age





Source: Adults Social Care - 2018/2019





Education and Schools

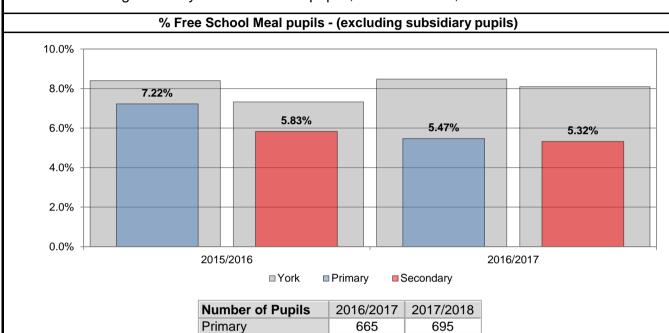
The following school catchment areas are part of Micklegate Ward:

Primary: Dringhouses, Knavesmire, Scarcroft and St. Paul's CE.

Secondary

Secondary: Millthorpe.

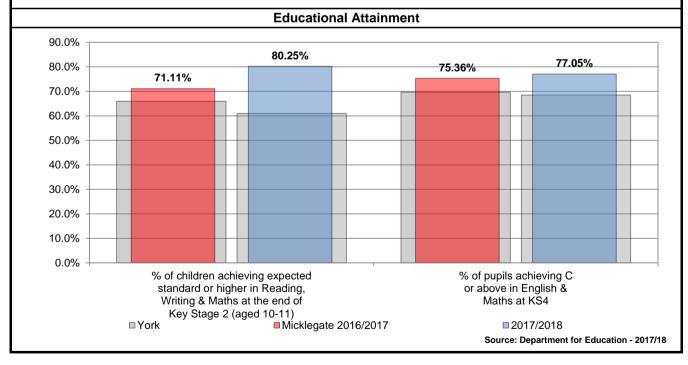
The following data only relates to those pupils, from this ward, who attend York Schools.

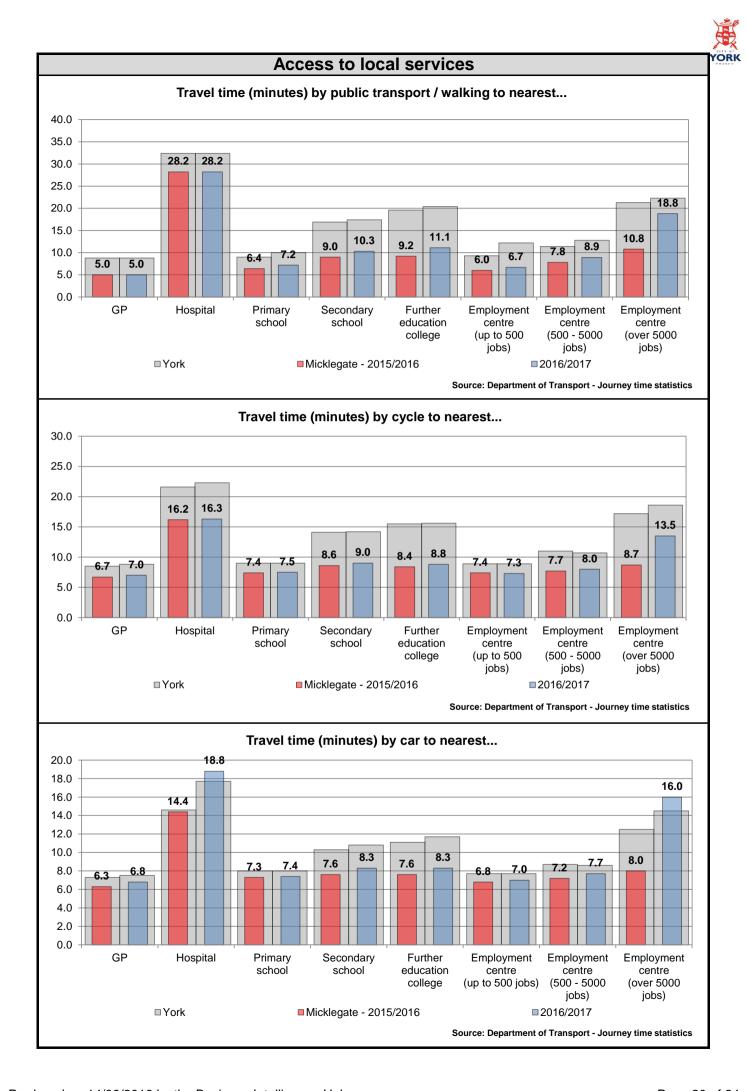


343

376

Source: School Census - October







Broadband coverage and speeds

In March 2017 the UK Government introduced the Universal Service Obligation (USO) for broadband as part of its commitment in the UK Digital Strategy to ensure that the UK has world-class digital connectivity and inclusion.

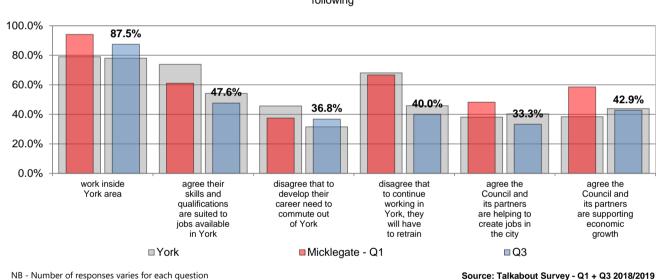
Measure	Micklegate	York	Summary
Average download speed (Mb/s)	27.43	102.90	slower than the York average
Superfast broadband availability	86.96%	92.00%	worse than the York average
Connections receiving:			
slowest speeds (under 2 Mb/s)	2.42%	1.00%	higher than the York average
slower speeds (under 10 Mb/s)	34.65%	1.00%	higher than the York average
superfast speeds (over 30 Mb/s)	36.16%	42.00%	lower than the York average

This data is based on House of Commons Library analysis of Ofcom's Connected Nations data. Ofcom collected and analysed data from major fixed telecoms operators (BT, Virgin Media, Sky, Talk Talk, Vodafone and KCOM). The availability data also includes coverage information provided by alternative network providers (B4RN, BU-UK, City Fibre, Gigaclear, Hyperoptic, ITS and Relish). Due to variations in broadband performance over time, Ofcom cautions that the data should not be regarded as a definitive and fixed view of the broadband infrastructure but rather a snapshot of current variation in availability and performance across the country.

Resident Engagement

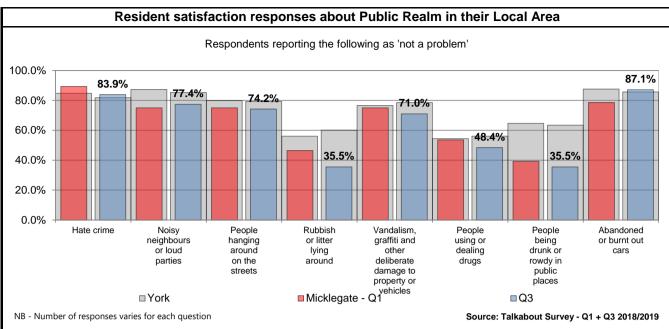
Resident responses about the Local Economy

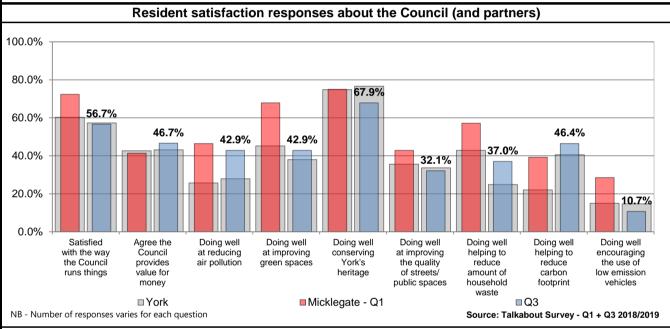
Respondents who are retired or not working due to long term illness or disability were unable to answer the following

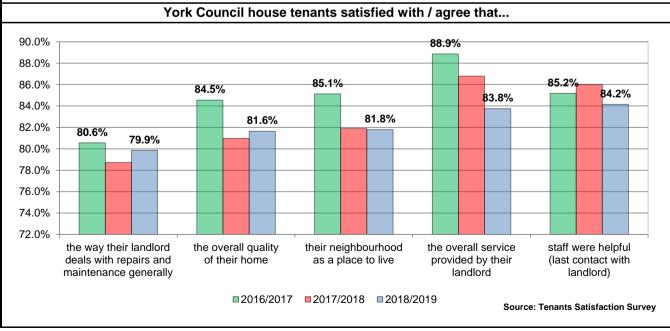


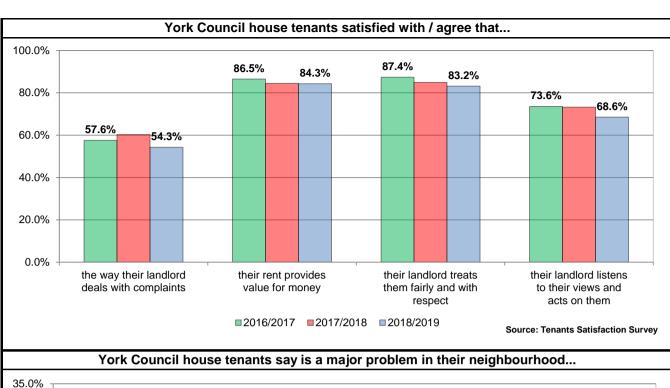
Resident satisfaction responses about their Local Area

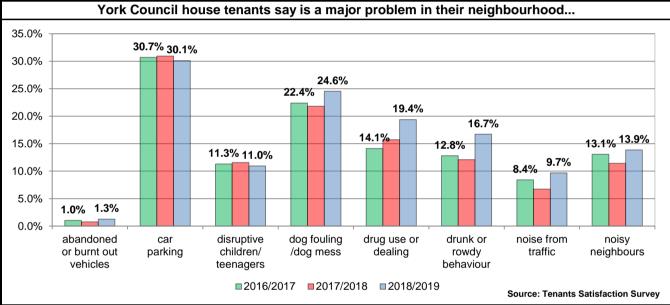
Respondents were asked to consider their Local Area as the area within 15-20 minutes walking distance from their home 96.7% 100.0% 93.3% 90.3% 77.4% 80.0% 71.0% 67.7% 63.6% 60.0% 36.7% 40.0% 20.0% 0.0% that York their local it is important they belong their local area is their local area is it is important they can influence is a safe to feel part of to their a place where a good place for that residents decisions in their people from can influence city to place to live their local area local area children and young local area live in different people to grow up backgrounds their local area get on well together ■ York ■Micklegate - Q1 ■Q3 NB - Number of responses varies for each question Source: Talkabout Survey - Q1 + Q3 2018/2019

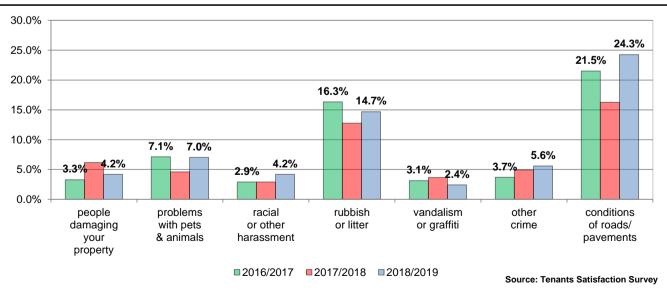














Experian Groups

J Rental Hubs

Aged 18-35, private renting, singles and sharers, urban locations, young neighbourhoods.

C City Prosperity

High value properties, central city areas, high status jobs, low car ownership, high mobile phone spend.

I Urban Cohesion

Settled extended families, city suburbs, multicultural, own 3 bedroom homes, sense of community.

D Domestic Success

Families with children, upmarket suburban homes, owned with a mortgage, 3 or 4 bedrooms, high internet use.

O Municipal Challenge

Social renters, low cost housing, challenged neighbourhoods, few employment options, low income.

H Aspiring Homemakers

Younger households, full-time employment, private suburbs, affordable housing costs, starter salaries.

F Senior Security

Elderly singles and couples, homeowners, comfortable homes, additional pensions above state, don't like new technology.

Experian Types

J40 Career Builders

Most aged 26-35, singles and cohabiting couples, good incomes from career jobs, rent /own nice apartments, pleasant neighbourhoods.

J41 Central Pulse

Aged under 35, city centre regeneration, rent small new build and converted flats, graduate starter salaries, most frequent cinema goers.

I39 Ageing Access

Average age 63, often living alone, most are homeowners, modest income, 1 or 2 bed flats and terraces.

C13 Uptown Elite

Own expensive urban homes, families with older or adult kids, high status professionals, accessible inner suburbs, book entertainment online.

C12 Metro High-Flyers

Late 20s and 30s, high priced 1 or 2 bed apartments, renting alone or sharing, highly educated professionals, easily commutable suburbs.

D17 Thriving Independence

Singles and cohabitees 36+, family neighbourhoods, middle managers, large outstanding mortgage, comfortable income.

D14 Cafés and Catchments

Professional couples with kids, good income, pleasant family homes, attractive city suburbs, proximity to jobs and entertainment.

063 Streetwise Singles

Singles and sharers, low cost social flats, 1 or 2 bedrooms, urban and fringe locations, routine occupations.

F22 Legacy Elders

Oldest average age of 78, mostly living alone, own comfortable homes outright, final salary pensions, low technology knowledge.

O66 Inner City Stalwarts

Mostly single adults, aged 56+, renting from social landlord, flats in inner city areas, long-term residents.